

The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XIX.

MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 19, 1907.

NO. 14

River Navigation in the South

Finding the Mouth of the Red Rivier in Louisiana on a Dark, Foggy Night.

From the Diary of H. C. Kieferle

During the St. Louis World's Fair year — 1904 — the author made a trip through the South. He first sailed by Morgan Line steamer from New Orleans, a distance of nearly 1800 miles. After spending two months in the city during which stay he witnessed the celebrated New Orleans Mardi Gras Festival, he sailed on the 19th of March on the steamboat Electra, commanded by Captain H. C. Boazman, for Shreveport, La., a booming Southwestern town, and on which trip he wrote up the following incident of river navigation, which took place on a night when the river was rising, full of driftwood, and foggy weather prevailed. The distance up river to Shreveport is commonly estimated at about 700 miles: Sunday night, March 20th, I arose at midnight to see the pilot make the entrance to the Red River from the Mississippi, up which stream we were bound, and where the principal part of the cargo of the Electra was to be distributed at the different towns and landings located along the Red River as far as Shreveport, Louisiana, a thriving town of about 25 or 30,000 people.

I had previously been informed by one of the pilots that we would make the entrance sometime between 12 and 1 o'clock and he had agreed to call me from my stateroom when he came off his watch or time at the wheel at 12 p. m. at midnight. I, however happened to awake myself and rose and dressed and when I stepped out into the hall met the pilot, who was coming down to call me. He asked me if I had awaked myself and I told him that I had. He said "we are now within about four miles of the entrance and still on the Mississippi," which had now widened out to near a mile as we approached the mouth of the Red River. I proceeded up into the pilot house and found it occupied by the new watch at the wheel and the captain. It was very dark, the sky was heavily overclouded with rain clouds, not a star was shining and there was no moon to be seen, although early the previous night we saw the crescent of the coming new moon. Large quantities of driftwood were still coming down the Mississippi, whose waters were continuing to rise, consequent upon recent rains, which had taken place since the 17th, a thick heavy fog hung low on the river and the steamer was proceeding at reduced speed, the pilot now and then endeavoring to use the powerful electric lights on the front of the boat in order to penetrate the fog, if possible, but it was useless, and he turned them off and proceeded to steer by the government range lights placed along the river which could be seen now and then above the fog, and by reasons of familiarity with whose position he was enabled to slowly go ahead, keeping a sharp lookout that he did not run into the bank, as a light in the fog is very deceptive and when you think you are still at quite a distance you may be right upon it and ready to plow into the bank with the bow of the steamboat.

We passed the Steamer Natchez on our left, with lights burning and cabin lighted up, hove to for the night on account of fog. Another steamer the Carter, came down the Mississippi on our right. The usual whistle warnings were exchanged. Far off on our right, above the fog could be seen the lights at Angora, where was located the State convict farm on the Mississippi. On our left on the bank of the Mississippi, just above where the Natchez lay could be seen the light at Red River Landing, on the Mississippi. The mouth of the Red River lay between these two points and was indicated by a range light, but not yet in view. The Captain had gone forward on the upper deck to act as a lookout and the pilot proceeded slowly ahead. I saw a faint light straight ahead and mentioned it to the pilot, who noticed it at the same time and said it was the light he was looking for. He kept on very carefully for some time, and then turned on the lights at

(Continued next week.)

PERSONAL NOTES.

"Welcome the Coming, Speed the Parting Guest."

—Miss Lizzie Kauffman spent Sunday in Mapleton.

—Mrs. John Montgomery spent Sunday in Altoona.

—George Hughes, of Juniata, spent Sunday in town.

—Abram Foster spent Sunday in Mapleton, the guest of his sons.

—Misses Mattie O'Connor and Georgia Dell are visiting in Altoona.

—Mrs. Spanogle visited her daughter Mrs. Hack Monday evening.

—Harry Silberman, of Baltimore was a Mapleton visitor last week.

—Samuel Bennett, of Altoona, was a Mapleton visitor over Sunday.

—Harry Eade Sr., of Burnham, visited at the home of John M. Miller.

—Bruce Yocum Jr., of Pittsburg, called on friends in town Saturday.

—Miss Dora Parker, of Juniata, is spending some time in Mapleton.

—Mrs. H. E. Dell and children, of Altoona, are visiting friends in town.

—Russel Smith, of Mt. Union, visited the family of M. L. Neice last week.

—Ellis Query and family, of Altoona, were Mapleton visitors over Sunday.

—George Hommon, of Huntingdon, visited at Jesse Montgomery's Sunday.

—S. L. Treaster, of Milroy, was a business caller at the ITEM Office Saturday.

—Emory E. Neice, of Harrisburg, visited parents and friends in town Sunday.

—Mrs. John Miller and children, left Sunday Morning for a visit in Baltimore.

—Misses Pearl Neice and Jettie Moore, spent a part of last week in Huntingdon.

—John Slates and wife, of Conemaugh, visited his father and brother over Sunday.

—Dill Strickler and wife, of Huntingdon, spent Sunday with Mrs. J. M. Oswalt.

—Alvin Decker and wife spent Sunday at the home of George Roland's near Calvin.

—Misses Ida and Emma Hooper, of Huntingdon, spent Sunday with friends in town.

—Mr. Harold Stevenson visited at the home of his father-in-law J. P. Wilson's over Sunday.

—Miss Bertha Shoop, of Altoona, is spending a short time with her mother Mrs. Jennie Shoop.

—G. F. DeForrest and family, of Henderson, township, spent Sunday with the family of S. B. Neice.

—Mrs. Hannah Kisler, of Horton, Kansas, is visiting her uncle, George L. Smith, on Main Street.

—Adie Bumgardner, of Lewistown, spent Sunday with his Grandmother Shoop who has been quite sick.

—Mrs. Wm. Greenland, of Clay township, was a recent visitor at the home of her daughter Mrs. Clarence Coder.

—Miss Flora Greenland, one of Clay townships successful teachers is visiting Mrs. Jennie Swope on Main Street.

—Misses Orpha Shore, of Huntingdon, and Huldah Roland of Calvin visited at the home of Alvin Decker last week.

—Mrs. Bruce Drake and sister Ruth Parks spent Tuesday night of last week with their brother Otis Parks and wife.

—Charles Price, of Harrisburg, arrived in town on Saturday and will spend some time visiting former friends and neighbors.

—Newton Smith and wife, of Mt. Union, were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Shore on East Main Street.

—James Cassidy and family, of Altoona spent Sunday in Mapleton, the guests of Mrs. Cassidy's mother, Mrs. M. L. Rex. The children will spend some time with their Grandma.

—Miles Monihen and family, D. B. Miller and wife, R. C. Fields and wife, Mrs. Emmeline Dell, Miss Mary J. Miller and Willis Dell attended preaching service and also the Baptismal service at Beech Run on Sunday last.

—Stanley M. Doyle and wife spent last week at Niagara Falls, N. Y. visiting various places of interest in Buffalo and Pittsburg. They went to Buffalo via Lock Haven and returned home via Oil City and Pittsburg, arriving Sunday evening. They report having had a delightful trip and a splendid time.

Athletic Contests one of the Features.

The Celebration on Independence Day Will be an Event Worth Remembering.

Ground in Fine Condition.

A restful day spent in a shady grove where ice cream, red lemonade and peanuts will be trump is an attraction the whole nation will seek on Thursday, July 4th. This will all be true and then some about Mapleton. Not only will the ordinary attractions be enjoyed but aside from the fire crackers will be athletic contests that would furnish amusement for any lover of thrilling performance.

The athletic amusements as planned will be managed as follows: The two base ball games will be looked after by Mgr. Taylor and Captain Cowher. The wheelbarrow races will be in charge of Edward McCarl. The crowd may expect real genuine fun. The foot races and other field events have been given into the care of Harry G. Wakefield. The teams are being trained and an effort is being made to have a local exhibition on the Fourth.

The Fantastic parade will join the band and others at 8 o'clock and will move at once. The whole town will be paraded. A band concert will be given on arriving at the ground after which an address will be delivered by C. C. Brewster. Don't neglect to be on the ground at 9:45 a. m. to hear Mr. Brewster. Come early and bring your basket.

RECENT DEATHS.

CRESSWELL.

Silas Cresswell, one of the leading citizens of Petersburg, died on Sunday, the result of a stroke of paralysis, aged 81 years. He was long a merchant at Petersburg and also ticket agent. He was a prominent Democrat and Odd Fellow and a consistent member of the Presbyterian church. Two children survive, Miss Ella, of Petersburg, and Harry, of Ellsworth City. The funeral took place yesterday.

MOUNTAIN.

Miles A. Mountain, after suffering several months from pulmonary tuberculosis, died Wednesday evening at the home of his wife's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Adam Bagshaw, in Juniata township. Deceased was aged 25 years and leaves a young wife, a mother, two brothers and a sister to mourn his loss. Through young in years he had endeared himself to all who knew him by his honest, upright life and his devotion to pure and unselfish principles. Funeral services Friday afternoon at the house. Interment at Hawn's cemetery.

HOOVER.

Mrs. Marietta, wife of Jacob F. Hoover departed this life at her home in Huntingdon on Monday morning, from a complication of disease. Deceased, whose maiden name was Shaffer, was born and raised in Trough Creek Valley and at the time of her death was aged 57 years, 2 months and 19 days. Shortly after her marriage she moved to Woodcock Valley, and about one year ago took up her residence in Huntingdon. She was a christian woman and was for many years a member of the Grafton Reformed church. Her husband and six children survive, viz.: Miss Minnie, at home; Mrs. C. B. Hutchison, Yeagerstown; C. Blair and T. Roy, Topeka, Kansas; Ernest, Dudley, and Tuhmon, Dayton, Ohio. Also these brothers and sisters survive: Mrs. Alice Gosnell, Williamsburg; Theodore and Elmer Shaffer, Topeka, Kan., and J. C. Shaffer, of Calvin. Funeral interment at Grove cemetery, Grafton.

Remarkable Rescue.

That truth is stranger than fiction, has once more been demonstrated in the little town of Fedora, Tenn., the residence of C. V. Pepper. He writes: "I was in bed, entirely disabled with hemorrhages of the lungs and throat. Doctors failed to help me, and all hope had fled when I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery. Then instant relief came. The coughing soon ceased; the bleeding diminished rapidly, and in three weeks I was able to go to work." Guaranteed for coughs and colds 50c. and \$1.00, at Wright & Dell's store. Trial bottle free.

LOCAL NEWS.

Brief Items of Happenings in and About the Town.

Preaching service in the Presbyterian church next Sabbath evening at 7:30 by the Pastor Rev. E. A. Snook.

B. B. Shore a well known and esteemed resident of this place, died at his home on East Main Street yesterday morning at three o'clock. Further particulars next week.

Childrens Day services in the Mount Union Presbyterian church were observed by appropriate services on Sunday, both morning and evening. The church was filled to overflowing at both services and the exercises were enjoyed by the immense audiences which turned out. The day had been postponed on account of a lack of flowers, Sunday however, the altar platform was prettily decorated, and the weather could not have been more propitious, as it was a pretty day most everywhere.

The United Brethren Church of this place has undergone extensive improvements in the past few weeks, and on Sunday morning June 23d., it will be re-opened for public worship. The following is the Order of services; 9.30 a. m., Sabbath School. 10.30 a. m., regular preaching service with sermon. 2.00 p. m., Junior society meets in the class room of the church. 3.00 p. m. the mens meeting, in the large room of the church, a review of the lives of the Patriarchs will be the topic, all men over 16 years of age are invited to attend. 6.30 p. m. Sr. Christian Endeavor. 7.30 p. m., sermon. We extend a most hearty invitation for all to attend.

Deeds Recently Recorded.

Mary C. Decker and hus. to Jas. H. McCracken, Huntingdon, \$135.

Rachel J. McCurdy to Jas. McCurdy, Mapleton, \$450.

Jas. G. Corbin and wife to Rue K. Long, Mill Creek, \$1300.

Logan Iron & Steel Co. to Common wealth of Pa., Shirley, \$3536.32.

Jas. S. Woods and wife to Common wealth of Pa., Shirley, \$1.

Carrie M. McKee to Dr. C. A. McCauley, Petersburg, \$1.

Jos. Kelly and wife to Jas. S. Woods, Shirley, \$1.

Chas. Stratford and wife to Laura B. Welsh, Shirley, \$22.50.

Wm. Orbison and wife to Wm. R. Smith, Huntingdon, \$500.

Geo. W. Reed and John B. Donelson (separately) to Geo. H. Heeter, Hope-well, respectively, \$290, \$20.

Susan McDonald et al and J. W. Van-Orman, separately, Hopewell to George W. Reed, respectively, \$181 and \$1.

L. B. Houck to Harry W. Baker, Coal-mont, \$900.

F. W. Stewart, Sheriff to Gertrude Etnier, Henderson, \$800.

W. R. Hicks to Mary E. Hicks, Clay, \$1.

Wilhelm Geier and wife to Lena Krouse, Carbon, \$1.

E. O. Rogers, Co., Treas. to Co. Com., Tod, \$18.32.

Co. Com. to A. Geo. Heickes, Tod, \$38.26.

J. H. Hoffman, Ex. to W. R. Hicks Clay, \$150.

David Crouse and wife to Elmer E. Kell, Shade Gap, \$500.

Bruce X. Blair and wife to Dr. I. Alfred Shade et al, Shade Gap, \$50.

John Barrick and wife to Mary Montgomery, Huntingdon, two properties, each \$600.

C. H. Glazier to Mary Montgomery, Huntingdon, \$1100.

R. W. Jacobs to Jas. F. Megahan, S. Huntingdon, \$95.

Amos Griffith and wife to Herman G. Griffith, Tod, \$1.

Frank W. Stewart Sheriff to Chas. Stelker, Huntingdon, \$950.

Thos. G. Crowner and wife to Samuel G. Ryder, Barree, \$100.

K. A. Lovell et al to L. B. Garner, Huntingdon, \$500.

K. A. Lovell et al to Elmer Garner Huntingdon, \$300.

He Fired the Stick.

"I have fired the stick I've carried over 40 years, on account of a sore that resisted every kind of treatment, until I tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve; that has healed the sore and made me a happy man," writes John Garrett, of North Mills, N. C. Guaranteed for Piles, Burns etc., by Wright & Dell. 25c.

Mapleton Lodge I. O. O. F. Twentieth Anniversary.

A Score of Years of Rain and Sunshine and Lodge 468 is Booming.

Names of the Charter Members.

It has been well said by men versed in the knowledge of secret societies that the Independent Order of Odd Fellows takes the lead among the fraternal and insurance orders of the country in caring for the sick and distressed of their numbers and the distressed of the families of deceased or disabled brothers. And no society shows more "Brotherly Love" among its members in and out of the lodge room than the Odd Fellows.

The Mapleton Lodge was instituted July 4, 1887, and will be twenty years old on July 4th next. The organization of the lodge was the result of an impressive demonstration. Several Mapleton men were members of the lodge in Newton Hamilton before the Mapleton Lodge existed. Among these was W. H. Barkley. When Mrs. Barkley's death occurred, in 1885, The Newton Hamilton Lodge came to Mapleton in a body to attend the funeral of the bereaved brother's wife. The scene was touching and impressive and invited considerable favorable favorable comment. From that time the people of Mapleton began to talk of organizing a lodge here. As a result Mapleton Lodge was instituted on the above named date.

Following is a list of the names of the charter members. Some were members of the Newton Hamilton Lodge but transferred their names to the charter of Mapleton Lodge at the time of its institution. H. H. Swope was the only charter member who was a Past Grand at the time of the institution of Mapleton Lodge A (*) indicates the deceased brothers.

A. M. Parker	*J. D. McDonald
Jacob H. Miller	George Palmer
W. W. Wright	*W. H. Barkley
S. L. Wible	*Harry Barkley
A. C. Fisher	R. C. Fields
W. E. Bitner	W. H. Mounts
D. M. Cowher	S. P. Stubbs
A. Milton Kelley	Gideon C. Miller
Thomas M. Logan	*James E. McDonald
H. H. Swope	George W. Hall
Samuel Robley	I. N. Swope
E. Robley, Jr.	*L. D. Himes
Allison Heeter	James H. Hooper
Alfred Brumbaugh	John Rippl
G. D. Wood	*David Shore
M. L. Rex	

Fire in Mount Union.

Saturday afternoon last a conflagration was started in the new knitting factory in Mount Union through the carelessness of a boy lighting a match in a closet to look for something among rubbish, which occurred on the second story of the new Crum building. The waste material became ignited and soon an alarm was sent out and the local fire company in our sister town responded. They hoisted their ladders and smashed in some windows as the smoke was so dense no one could enter the room, poured in a deluge of water — as they were bound to drown the fire out. We approve the conduct of the fire ladders. Some people are disposed to criticize their zeal, but we say take no chances with fire. George Smawley, who sells furniture, and undertaker Dunmire, who both occupied the building underneath, were compelled to temporarily move out, and we believe suffered some damage from water.

LOST—A Roman gold locket containing pictures of two young men. No monogram. Small set on one side. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to this office.

FOR SALE—House and lot about one mile north of Calvin, Pa. H. H. Swope; Mapleton.

WANTED—Regular boarders at the Clairndon Hotel. Rates reasonable.

LOST—A gold band ring. Finder may return same to the ITEM office.

FOR SALE—The building and equipment known as the "Pin Mill" in Mapleton. Call or address G. D. Wood, Mapleton.

AT SUNSET.

W pure, how spare the hues that lie
Or these wide plains, from sky to sky!
As tho' some brush, of airy skill,
Had washed, had tinted, field and hill.

Soon falls the change; the daylight dies;
The dusk o'erbrims her boundaries;
The sun flares westward, fiercely rolled
Mid purple islets ridged with gold.

Ah me, ah me! alike they fade—
Brief space of sun, swift lapse of shade;
The wistful eye, that saw and loved,
The heart so strangely, sweetly moved.

Yet, tho' the creeping dusk enfold
My faint-hued hopes, my dreams of gold,
At last, her patient journey trod,
This trembling soul shall leap to God.
—By Arthur Christopher Benson, from
"The Daily Mail" (London).

A PROBLEM OF EGGS.

What Happened in Our House
When Prices Jumped.

Jane Is a Very Determined Person and
Resolved Not to Be Robbed, but I Am
a Man of Strategy—Our Experi-
ment with Chickens and
the Results.

Jane is very determined; almost too much; in fact, I often tell her so; or at least I often used to tell her so. But when a lady is constitutionally determined—not that Jane is obstinate; I do not want to say that for a moment—but, as I say, when a lady is constitutionally determined, telling her so amounts to little, if anything; if, indeed, it is not a mistake altogether.

Now I am fond of eggs; not in the way of affection, you will understand, but as a matter of diet. Ever since I can remember I have had two poached eggs for my breakfast every morning, but Jane, being very determined—not, I repeat, that Jane is obstinate; I cannot make that too plain; in fact, I admire Jane for her determination; but I keep this as a secret so that Jane will not become conceited—but Jane, I say again, being very determined, brought me three morsels of sausage for my breakfast about a month ago, and put the plate in front of me with such an air that I swallowed my surprise and ate the sausage.

This was my strategy. As I look back upon it I recall now that I ate the three morsels of sausage with meekness and sadness, and when Jane brushed my hat that morning and started me off to the office I sighed but said nothing. This also was my strategy.

Not that I considered it strategy at the time; except as I might have done so in an unconscious sort of way; but all the same it was that subtle kind of strategy that is born in man from a wish to let Jane have their own way in everything (being, after all, only women) and which is—and I speak only after experience and thought—the only way to deal with matters of the sort.

"I will not be robbed," said Jane, quite unexpectedly to me that evening, adding, "I will not be robbed!"

I said nothing, which was my strategy again.

"And when they go up from 33 to 42 cents a dozen at one jump," said Jane, "I draw the line." Adding, "Yes, sir, I draw the line."

"Eggs?" said I.

"Eggs," said Jane.

Adding—

"And that's all there is to it."

"There's as much meat in an egg," I began, "as there is in a quarter of a pound of—"

"I don't believe it," said Jane. "I never have, from a child."

"But sausage," I began again.

Jane took up the cudgels for sausage with such spirit that I abandoned that, and said no more.

The next morning I had three more morsels of sausage for my breakfast. I ate two and (when Jane was out of the room for a moment) I seized the third bit firmly in my handkerchief and placed it in my pocket. (Jane likes to see a clean plate.) Before I left the house that morning I ran up to the spare room and put the sausage in the bureau drawer. I was afraid to throw it away on such short notice, for I knew that unless the thing was carefully thought out and accomplished, Jane would know—I cannot tell you how, but she would know—that I had thrown the sausage away. So I went about the matter circumspectly, and didn't burn my bridges behind me, for if the worst came to the worst, I could still claim that I had eaten the sausage, then sneak up to the spare room and eat it, and have my conscience clear.

The next morning I hid two more pieces; by Saturday night there were nine choice morsels in the bureau drawer, and on Sunday morning the storm broke.

I have seen the time when I would have eaten it before the display reached such proportions, but when Jane came into the dining room on Sunday morning with nine warmed-up morsels on my plate, I started on it with a sigh. Jane let me finish it—Jane is just and prides herself upon her fair play—and then remarked:

"I will not buy another egg until prices go down. I won't be robbed," adding, "not by anybody."

"But why should they go up?" I said.

"That's it," said Jane. "There's no reason at all. Farmers grow their corn just the same, and chickens hatch and grow and lay their eggs just the same, and if that farmer who brings our eggs thinks he can impose on me, I'll show him different."

That night I had the doctor, the next day Jane had a chicken coop built, and on Tuesday morning we had eleven chickens and a rooster on our property. All would have been as merry as a wedding bell, in fact, except for one trifling omission: the chickens didn't lay.

On Wednesday morning I breakfasted on a leather medal which Jane referred to (for purposes of identification) as a "chop," and on Wednesday evening I brought home a book entitled "The Poultry Fancier's Friend."

"Well?" said Jane, after I had read the book through.

"Oyster shells," said I, putting on my hat.

It is surprising what a demand there is for oyster shells. I had always supposed that oyster shells were a waste product of the oyster, fit for nothing but to be thrown away. But if anybody wants to find out a few facts about the value of oyster shells, let him go out and buy a dozen from the sea-food man from whom Jane gets her Friday fish.

We cracked the shells in a news paper with a hammer and Jane (liking to work with tools) cracked a few roots of ginger and made a pot of ginger tea. We threw the shells into the coop, had a good drink of ginger tea, and went to bed.

No eggs.

"I'll run them around," said Jane; "that makes them lay."

"The book says it is bad for them."

"That's what we did when I was a girl," said Jane; "just ran them around. You take foolishness from a hen and she'll impose on you. But if they can see that you mean to be the boss—"

Jane stopped, but added:

"You just have to take the upper hand of a hen."

"The book says that little bits of meat, cut up—"

"I've got some sausage left," remarked Jane.

Sausage they had, and curry, and powders from the man who sold me the "Poultry Fancier's Friend," while all the time Jane snorted (in a very delicate way, of course), and gradually worked herself up to a pitch. Yes, if ever fowls were pampered, it was our eleven hens and our one rooster, but on one point they were indomitable; they wouldn't lay.

There was a speckled hen, on whose manner I began to build hopes and to whom I showed particular attention in the way of choice bits of oyster shells and the like, but one morning when I was giving this fowl her daily medicine she broke away, ran to the rooster and pecked him cruelly, ran to the other hens and pecked them, cackled in a ferocious manner, scratched gravel and flew up in my face. I just escaped with my life, ran into the house and told Jane.

"What did you let her do it for?" asked Jane.

"She was in a temper," I said.

"That's what comes of pampering them!" exclaimed Jane. She put something on her head and glanced at the clock.

"Where are you going?" I said.

"I am going to . . . run . . . them . . . round!" said Jane, and out she went.

I stayed in. When Jane is like that she doesn't want to be bothered; but five minutes later, when I looked out (although, as a rule, Jane doesn't like me to look out) and saw her standing just outside the chicken coop door as if she was going to stand there forever, I went out too.

"What's the matter?" I asked, looking in the empty "run" for the hens.

"You go in," said Jane, in her most determined manner. "I'm giving these chickens just five minutes."

I went in, and at the end of the five minutes Jane disappeared into the chicken coop and came out bearing two eggs in each hand.

"I'll teach them!" cried Jane.

Adding:

"And all the others are on the nest, too!"—New York Evening Sun.

Dutch Farms.

The farmers are fast losing interest in the farms they hold on so precarious a tenure; the farms are passing into the hands of landlords, often in the cities, out of touch with the rural population, for the same feckless law which beggars the farmers is tearing up every landed estate in the country. The backbone of the nation's strength—as of every nation's, in the day of its greatness—was the quiet tiller of the soil.—Maarten Maartens in The London Windsor Magazine.

Best Sleep of All.

"I see that an eminent physician declares that two hours of sleep before midnight are worth more than six after that hour."

"Nonsense! Two hours of sleep after you're called in the morning are worth more than anything else."—Philadelphia Press.

CZAR DISSOLVES THE SECOND RUSSIAN DUMA

Nine Former Members Are Arrested and Seven Are in Hiding.

TROOPS GUARD ST. PETERSBURG

That Constitutionalism is Crushed is the General Belief—New Parliament of Aristocrats—Case of Czar is Weak.

St. Petersburg. — Dissolution of the Russian Duma was accepted by St. Petersburg without any demonstration. In the presence of the masses of troops which had been thrown into the capital the people kept within their homes and remained silent.

The dissolution was most awkwardly managed. The Duma's special commission announced in dignified language, worthy of a great Legislature, that it would report within two days to the House its decision in regard to the suspension of the fifty-five Socialist Revolutionary members, as demanded by the Government. This delay was quite understandable in such a vital case, for the Duma would have lost every shred of its dignity if it had permitted itself to be hustled into a panicky decision.

These tactics forced the Government to put itself still further in the wrong by the issuance of an imperial manifesto, signed at Peterhof after midnight, dissolving the Duma and promising a new election for September 14, the Duma to meet November 14.

At the same time occurred the arrest of several of the sixteen Deputies whose immediate arrest had been demanded in the ultimatum to the Duma.

The official Russia says that the Duma was dissolved because it would not immediately surrender the fifty-five accused members, thus giving some of them time to hide, and others further opportunity to preach.

The latter observation is strange, as the Deputies could have preached only to the circle of detectives that constantly surrounded them. The Russia says that seven of the men have been hidden, but the revolutionists deny this.

M. Mahlakoff, the greatest lawyer in Russia, gives it as his deliberate opinion that the case against the fifty-five accused delegates is weak.

The changes in the electoral law promised in the Czar's manifesto mean the disfranchisement of Siberia, Central Asia, and the Caucasus and limitation of the franchise in Russia on the lines foreshadowed in the Novoe Vremya by the reactionary publicist, M. Menshikoff, who wants an aristocratic Duma. Under the changes announced Poland will return fourteen Poles and two Russian members to the next Duma. The Caucasus will have nineteen members. In Siberia only two large cities and one territory have been disfranchised, but the representation has been generally fatally limited.

A significant feature of the situation is that Premier Stolypin has not done what he did at the last dissolution, publish a highly liberal program. This shows that constitutionalism is crushed.

GIRL'S DARE WAS FATAL.

Train Strike Yough Who Stayed Too Long on Track.

Madison, Ind.—While a party of young people, who reside in the vicinity of Lovett, seven miles south of North Vernon, on the Louisville branch road, were returning to their homes from attending a singing school one of the young women of the party dared Charles Dawson and Fred Ochs to remain on the railway track longer than she did in the face of a rapidly approaching train. The challenge was accepted. As a result Dawson was killed and Ochs fatally injured. The young woman escaped with a slightly torn dress.

NEW YORKER'S QUEER DEATH.

J. W. Johnson Falls From America's Biggest Tree—Perhaps a Suicide.

Oaxaca, Mex.—J. W. Johnson, of New York, the manager of large agricultural interests belonging to an American syndicate, met a remarkable death near here. He fell from among the branches of a great tree, said to be the largest in North America, located near this city.

The authorities are of the opinion that Johnson's death was suicidal. He came to this city from New York.

Cattle Thrive on Locust Diet.

The appearance of seventeen-year locusts at Mexico, Mo., has aroused no fear among the farmers, as the damage created by the insects is slight. Word from Wellsville, where they are thick, is that cattle and hogs are eating the locusts and apparently thriving on the diet.

Bankhead to Be Senator.

John H. Bankhead will be appointed United States Senator to fill the place made vacant by the death of Senator Morgan, according to an announcement made by Governor Comer, at Montgomery, Ala.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Speaker Cannon was born in Guilford, North Carolina, May 7, 1836.

Out of twenty-six years in the Navy Peary has had fifteen of absence on leave.

Rex Beach, the author of "The Spoilers," at one time held the amateur short distance swimming record.

Dr. Tikhon, formerly Archbishop of the Orthodox Russian Church in the United States, has arrived at Yaroslavl, Russia, to assume his new duties.

Ransford D. Buckman, of Worcester, Mass., recently appointed naval adviser to the Sultan of Turkey, is now in command of the fleet which guards the Bosphorus.

Professor George W. Jones, professor of mathematics at Cornell University, will retire at the end of the present year, after thirty years of service in the institution.

President Eliot, of Harvard University, who was seventy-three years old in March, has held his present position since he was thirty-five. He receives \$10,000 a year.

Professor Edward B. Clapp, head of the Greek department of the California State University, has been appointed professor of Greek in the American School of Classical Studies at Athens.

Secretary Cortelyou spoke about twenty consecutive words at a Cabinet meeting the other day. "Good gracious," the President is reported to have said, "such loquaciousness on your part is positively brutal, Cortelyou."

Cardinal Merry del Val, who came so prominently to the front during the French church dispute, shows his modernity by playing an excellent game of golf, as well as by his ability to send a rifle bullet through a ten-cent piece at twenty yards.

FEMININE NEWS NOTES.

Mrs. Elijah Dowie is now running a boarding house.

The Empress of Japan made an address at a meeting of the Red Cross in Tokio.

Miss Helen M. Gould gave a Dalmatian puppy to the firemen of Engine Company No. 8.

Edna May, the American actress, was married in London to Oscar Lewisohn, of New York City.

Mrs. Howard Gould instructed her counsel to lay before Mr. Jerome a formal complaint that her mail had been stolen.

The persistence of the English women suffragists in adopting the role of martyrs is greatly embarrassing the British Government.

The National Women's Trade Union League will meet in Chicago July 14 to further the idea of organizing all women workers.

Mrs. L. Kilcrease, who lives with her daughter at Pine Mills, Texas, celebrated her 131st birthday. She is said to be the oldest woman in the United States.

Miss Ethel Roosevelt, the daughter of the President, who was graduated from the Washington, D. C., Cathedral School, stood second in her class, Miss Helen Durant Church having excelled her.

A "vanity box" is quite indispensable to a woman of fashion. Good ones may be obtained for \$1000 each, so there is really no need of any one being without them. The best come higher. One that was lately lost and recovered cost \$15,000.

Mrs. Thomas F. Ryan, wife of the New York City traction millionaire, has so much charity work on hand that she has a private office and staff of clerks and stenographers. She has given away about \$4,000,000 in building hospitals, convents, schools and churches.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Willie Keeler's hits have not been many this season, but they have been most opportune.

Pastorius, the Brooklyn southpaw, is one of the National League's best fielding pitchers.

Fielder Jones claims that his pitchers have discovered George Stone's batting weakness.

Frank Laporte is after long distance hitting honors. Doubles and triples are his daily diet.

Only two catchers wear shin guards—"Nig" Clarke, of Cleveland, and Bresnahan, of New York.

"The work of Chase on first showed that this youngster is in a class by himself," says a Boston paper. You couldn't make the Jiggs Donohue admirers believe that.

Joss, of Cleveland, known as the Human Slat, sailed along for ten straight games without losing one, and then bumped into George Mullin and lost his first game of the year.

Anent recent observations about various writers who have originated baseball expressions, it may be remarked that most of the apt terms used in recording the game come from the players themselves.

'Tis said that Moren, the Philadelphia pitcher, throws the only knuckle curve known. He grabs the sphere with the two outside fingers and has the two middle fingers under it, so that the ball slides off the knuckles of the middle digits.

All the tough luck in baseball that ever was faded into insignificance compared to that which attended Deshon, the Cornell pitcher, against Harvard. Deshon did not allow the Crimson batsmen to make a hit, Harvard scoring the only run of the game on battery errors.

STATE NEWS BUDGET.

Love in a Roll of Paper.

While pretty Miss Bertha E. Cummings, of Lock Haven, was employed in the local paper mill last fall, she wrote her name and address on one of the large rolls of paper as it was reeled off. The roll was shipped to Brooklyn, where it fell into the possession of Andrew J. Pruey, foreman of the Mayer Press. But weeks elapsed before he reached that part of the paper containing the scribble. When he did so, in the same spirit of fun that had prompted Miss Cummings, he wrote her a letter, telling of his find. Correspondence followed; the pair met at Miss Cummings' home in Lock Haven at Christmas time; it was a case of love at sight, and recently they were married, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Cummings, in Lock Haven.

\$500,000 Fire in Altoona.

A half-million dollar fire destroyed the business heart of Altoona. The Eleventh Avenue Opera House, the leading six-story block in the central business section of the city, was discovered on fire, and in a short time the entire structure was a mass of flames. The blaze spread throughout the entire structure, and it was impossible for nearly two hours to retard its progress. The Imperial Dry Goods Company, a department store, occupied the basement, ground and second floors; the upper part was used as a playhouse until April, when it was abandoned. The fire started in the theatre part of the building, which was being remodeled to be wholly used as a department store, but in a short while was burning from roof to cellar.

Record Huckleberry Crop.

The largest huckleberry crop in the history of the State is anticipated from present indications. The cool weather has affected the berry crop very favorably. Under a scorching hot sun the huckleberry crop fades away and amounts to nothing. Usually 500,000 quarts of these berries are sent to the metropolitan markets from the coal region about Frackville, and this amount will be considerably increased this year. The berry dealers fear, however, that they will be unable to hire the required help, as all the men and boys are busily employed at the mines, and the women and girls, who formerly did the picking, no longer feel the necessity of accepting such employment.

Dives in and Saves a Boy.

While Patrick McKeen was walking across the bridge which spans Mahoning Creek, at Danville, he saw what appeared to be a bunch of hair above the water. There was no indication of a struggle, and McKeen was about to pass on when the hair disappeared. It then dawned upon him that the hair might have been upon the head of a person, and, plunging into the stream, he brought forth the unconscious form of seven-year-old Joseph Murray, who had fallen from the bridge. Having a knowledge of aid to the drowning, McKeen managed to get the water from the boy's lungs, and restored him to consciousness.

Break Ground For Church.

Ground for the new \$20,000 church for the First Baptist congregation of Media was broken with appropriate exercises. The first spade of earth was removed by Mrs. William R. Patton, wife of the pastor of the church for many years. Fully 500 persons witnessed the breaking of ground. There was music by the Sunday school scholars, prayer by Rev. William Satub, the present pastor, and an address by Rev. Robert Hetherington, pastor of the First Methodist Church.

Captain James W. Weida Dead.

Captain James W. Weida, of Shamrock, a veteran of the Civil War, prominent Mason and long active in Bucks County politics, died at his home at the age of seventy-two years. Captain Weida enlisted and rose to a captaincy to Company G, of the One Hundred and Fifty-first Pennsylvania Volunteer Regiment and was wounded at Gettysburg. He was tax assessor of Shamrock for twelve years.

Stole Boy to Demand \$1000.

Meade Tharp, aged twelve, of Pittsburg, applied to the police of Altoona for protection. He alleged he had been kidnaped by an Italian, taken to a log cabin in the mountains, where he found other boys, and escaped in the dead of night to Altoona. Ben Tharp, who came to Altoona after his son, said he received a letter from the Black Hand demanding \$1000.

Three Fastest Mail Clerks.

John McCormick, Lewis Watkin and David Garrett, clerks in the Lansdowne Postoffice, sorted and distributed 2000 pieces of belated mail matter in exactly thirty minutes. "We can beat any like number of mail men in the county," declared Garrett in relating the feat they accomplished.

Auditor Sues For His Pay.

Counsel for County Auditor Burgett entered suit at Carlisle against the County Commissioners to recover \$185 due him for services as County Auditor.

The Pulpit

A SERMON
BY THE REV.
IRA W. HENDERSON

Subject: Lying.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—Preaching at the Irving Square Presbyterian Church, Hamburg avenue and Weirfield street, on the theme "Lying." The Rev. Dr. I. W. Henderson, pastor, took as his text Ex. 20:16, "Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbor."

To cut the text down to four words and to make it come straight to the point and our own day, we will rewrite it: "Thou shalt not lie." In our time—whether because of the prevalence of the evil or not, I shall not attempt to say—the word lie seems to cause a shudder to run over the average human frame and to merit reprimand from many. Plain words, we are told, are too harsh, and besides, you know they aren't good form. The thief, be he weak enough to give us strength of courage so to do, we will generally name without the slightest hesitation, but we are slow to give any man the lie. This desire to be proper and polite is all very well in its place. Harsh words are not necessary over points upon which we may honestly and reasonably disagree. Either or both of the parties to a matching of ideas may be at fault. All men are fallible and prone to error and mistakes. None of us is infallible and most of us now and then remember things that are not so, and make statements that the facts will prove untrue. The sharp answer is here very manifestly out of place. But the common liar who wilfully, deliberately, maliciously spreads untruth should be branded as a liar—and that in hot haste.

The varieties of falsehood are like the shades of black—endless. But perhaps in no other place than our courts of law is the lie found more frequently or in a more vicious and abandoned form. The unbridled perjury which takes place in our courts is really past belief. One would think that men would hesitate to swear in falsehoods under cover of God's name, but any judge will tell you that hundreds do.

The infamous attacks upon men in our public life, the lies gigantic of our political campaigns, started with malign intent to destroy trust in a candidate who is beyond reproach, are unworthy of a self-respecting people and should be abandoned. The unfounded attacks upon the characters of good men, by editors who should be above such things, are not fair either to the attacked or to the intelligence of the writers. The stories that are spread through financial centres in order to weaken public confidence in standard securities or to destroy public faith in the standing and solvency of individuals, firms, or corporations, are pieces from the same cloth. They are clearly within the meaning of the text. No desire to give vent to spite, no satisfaction of a grudge, is sufficient excuse for any man to endanger the happiness of other men or the health of his own soul. The jugglery of figures to prove balances, trade or profits that never did or will exist, is wrong; and the men who do it know it to be unmixed evil.

The number of palpable falsehoods that are told in the business world is beyond compute. The desire to excel leads many a man to become exceedingly careless in his choice of words. The very advertisements of our day are self-confessed falsehoods. No one believes them half the time, for experience has proven the need to take them with a grain of salt. Palming off something "just as good" which really isn't; selling adulterated food stuffs under the guise of pure supplies; unloading on the public veneers of all sorts as solid material throughout; the publishing of symptoms that may exist at intervals in the physical condition of any man, as the certain and unmistakable signs of the speedy destruction of our bodies by incurable disease; these and a hundred more untruths may be charged against the liar. The great American sin of falsification by exaggeration and overstatement is too rife in our land. It bodes no good for respect for truth and it can and does do harm.

In our social, or should I say society, life we find the seeds of falsehood also. The desire to seem to be more than we are makes many of us resort to means that are, at bottom, false. Simulation of position, wealth, character or wisdom that is not ours, is precarious business. Sooner or later the lie will down us and the truth will find us out. Before we expect we may be caught. Who of us does not pretend to friendships which never did or will exist? Those little social catch words that slip so glibly from our tongues but that have no heart behind them, had just as well be left out of our vocabularies. The desire to say something that we do not feel, in order not to hurt, makes many of us liars. It is not necessary to perjure oneself to escape embarrassing predicaments. The sure way is to be silent. If you can't speak the truth say nothing—or better turn the point of conversation. Don't be affected, for affectation is a sham, and anyway the cultivation of self is best.

Of all the mean and despicable things in this world the lie that is born of malignant motives is the worst. The lie, like the opportunity that is passed, never can be called back. Spawn of an evil mind, it goes

on a way of sin. Before its scorching breath good reputations die, and in its wake sorrow, trouble and distrust are sure to lurk. Of all the mean things in this world the lie is the most contemptible.

Here as in other cases the popular mind is slow to perceive the truth behind a sentence. Men are not quick to carry principles to conclusions nearly half so extensive as logic will demand. The point-blank falsehood with intent to ruin reputation or to bolster up another lie is usually what we think of first. Most of us are fairly quick to see and to go thus far. But is the lie from the tongue the only lie that does harm. Is the story of malignant falsehood which never stops the only sort of untruth that we should avoid and disdain? I think not. That knowing look, or that evasive answer, or that suspicion of a smile, which we all can use and have seen, all three are parties to too frequent lies that we dare not utter. The knowing look has struck fear to many a trusting heart. The evasive answer has caught away the faith of not a few believing souls. That silent, quiet smile has shattered confidence in many a character ere this. "They say" and "some one told me so" are the unholy parents of a godless host of lies. Here is a mother who has asked for good news of her boy, only to receive that mean and false evasive answer that leaves so much unsaid and so much to be implied. The implication kills her trust.

Here is the man who paints to you the virtue of a friend. You give to him that knowing look, as if to say, "and you, too, trust him, poor fool," and confidence is gone. The dainty maiden with her heart so full of love recounts to you the nobleness of the man she loves, and you give to her a smirk. Of course you've said nothing, perhaps you know nothing to contradict her view, but you smile and the light of her life is dimmed. Lies by consent, perhaps, falsehoods by implication no doubt they are; but before the judgment bar of God they shall be termed "unclean."

But thus far our talk has been largely negative. Let us approach our topic for a moment from the positive point. The command not to speak evil of our neighbor when revised in the light of the life of Christ becomes a positive demand for strict adherence to the truth. The sense of the obligation to be true and to live true is at the base of all individual and social life and advancement. No man can lie to himself and be a party to his own upliftment. To move ahead and into union with God we must be true to our personalities. The desire to obey the pure dictates of a good conscience is the beginning of individual advance. We cannot be untrue to self and true to men and to God. The agreement of each man by and with himself, to be consistent with the demands of his highest inner light is the basis of social credit. The power of credit, that is to say, credibility or trustworthiness, cannot be too much remarked. Credit or the assurance we have of the honesty and reliability of individuals or companies of men, whether firms or nations, is the foundation upon which political systems are built. We could not do business nor conduct a government for a day were it not for this great and fundamental principle of human life: that credit—that is to say, honor and truth—must be maintained. For how long think you would the fabric of our state remain intact were mutual faith destroyed and credit given up? The elaborate business system to which we point with pride will be a wretched thing of the past so soon as personal and social honesty is removed. Immanuel Kant regarded falsehood as "the forfeiture of human personal worth, a destruction of personal integrity," and another forceful thinker has declared that "credit rests on the general social virtue of truthfulness."

Truthfulness is necessary to the maintenance of personal integrity. Integrity is unity with our best ideals. To say it short—personal integrity is the individual recognition of the necessity for personal unity—unity in personality if you will. The man of integrity is the man whose mind and heart and actions are at one. His conscience is the arbiter of his deeds. Disintegration comes with the denial of the rights of conscience—that is to say, of the voice of reasonable truth. The disintegrated man is a man without integrity, whose life is a jumble at the best or whose conscience and deeds when at their worst are disreputable and a discredit to self and society. Be true to self! Be yourself! Maintain your personal integrity. Be a unified soul growing in the nature of the Spirit into the stature of Christ.

Thus only can personal truthfulness be maintained and social credit be assured support. The best individual is the one whose integrity is unquestioned. The only sound governmental and political system is that which is rested upon that social credit which has its roots in personal unity with the truth of God.

Wondrous Love.

A repulsive-looking old woman who, after a life of unbelief, had been converted, became the subject of persecution at the hands of her godless neighbors. In every way they sought to anger or otherwise disturb the spirit of patience and loving-kindness that now possessed her. Finally an old persecutor, having exhausted all her resources in the attempt, venomously exclaimed, "I think you're the ugliest old woman that I ever saw." To which the old woman, her face beaming with a light that made her beautiful, replied in tears, "Wasn't it wonderful that He could have loved an ugly old woman like me?"

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR JUNE 23, BY THE REV. I. W. HENDERSON.

Review Lesson—Golden Text: Is. 43: 2—Read Ps. 106:1-12.

Chief points of the lesson for April 7 as set forth in our study in these columns. 1. Isaac's trust in God's willingness to continue to Jacob the promises that He had made to Isaac. 2. Jacob's consciousness of the divine reality. 3. Jacob's consciousness of the divine contiguity. 4. Jacob's consciousness of the divine providence.

April 14. 1. Jacob in distress. 2. Jacob prostrate before God. 3. Jacob's terror. 4. God's answer to Jacob's prayer. 5. The awfulness of the recollection of sin.

April 21. 1. The fascinating character of Joseph. 2. Joseph gotten rid of by his brethren. 3. The consequences of family favoritism. 4. The progress and culmination of fraternal hate. 5. How God uses the plans of bad men to further His divine purposes.

April 28. 1. Joseph sold into slavery. 2. The greatness of God's providence. 3. The greatness of Joseph's character. 4. Joseph faithful to God. 5. Faithfulness to Christ a necessity to the enjoyment of the joys of the Christian life.

May 5. 1. Joseph in prison. 2. Joseph as a diviner. 3. Joseph's substantial evidence of his nearness to God. 4. Joseph faithful to Potiphar. 5. Joseph humble in his viceregal splendor.

May 12. 1. The magnanimity of Joseph. 2. The abiding love of Joseph for his unworthy brethren. 3. Joseph's forgiveness.

May 19. 1. The trials and the tribulations of Israel in Egypt. 2. The book of the Exodus a record of the industrial as well as of the spiritual hardships to which the people of Israel had to submit. 3. God with Israel in her adversity. 4. The lesson of Israel in bondage apropos today.

May 26. 1. The humble birth of Moses. 2. The loyalty of Moses' mother. 3. Moses in the palace. 4. Moses indignant at the cruelty of the Egyptians in dealing with his brethren. 5. Moses' advice to the fighting toilers. 6. The unkindness of the world's toilers to each other. 7. Advice refused.

June 2. 1. Duties that come to us. 2. The holiness of God's house. 3. The value of humility and dependence on God. 4. Moses asks for aid to accomplish his work. 5. The power of God in this world.

June 9. 1. God's covenant with Israel. 2. Egypt reaps the consequences of her own misdoings. 3. Israel helps herself out of trouble. 4. Israel obedient.

June 16. 1. Israel delivered. 2. Pharaoh behind. 3. The inspiration of God to Israel. 4. God insists that Israel shall help herself. 5. The tenacity and steadfastness of Jehovah.

More Blessed.

"I have showed you all things, how that so laboring ye ought to support the weak, and to remember the words of the Lord Jesus, how He said, it is more blessed to give than to receive." (Acts 20:35). The world's principle is that it is the most blessed thing in the world to receive, and to keep that which we have. The principles of heaven works on exactly the opposite principle from that of the ruler of this world.

It is a wonderful thing that this saying, though not recorded in the gospels by any of the evangelists, was thought worthy of record by Luke, who received it from the apostle Paul. This was the controlling principle of the life of Jesus, also of the life of the apostle Paul, who followed Jesus. It will be the controlling principle of every one who is a Christian. We receive but to give, and the greatest joy in this world is to give. The greatest blessing comes in giving.

My dear brother, do you know that one reason why your spiritual experience is not clear and bright may be that you do not give as is your privilege? What a blessing would come to many who read this article if they were to give until it became a real sacrifice! During the week of prayer just past you may have had your heart drawn out in longing for the blessing of God, and yet it may be that you are closing the channel to God's blessing by not giving what God has given you.

There are many calls. A blessing is in every one for those who give, and not only give, but sacrifice to give. Some one who reads this article could easily give \$1000 and more to the various funds appealing for aid, and it would be a great blessing and joy to him. Others could give, by a little effort, one-half that amount, and there are many who read this article who can give \$100. My brother, my sister, you know whether you can do this. He who gives will in return receive a greater blessing than he would were some one to make him a present of that same amount.—Review and Herald.

The Good Endures.

"No good deed, no genuine sacrifice, is ever wasted. If there be good in it, God will use it for His own holy purposes; and whatever of ignorance, or weakness, or mistake, was mingled with it, will drop away as the withered petals drop away when the full flower has blown."

Taking the Life Out.

By the time you have boiled your faith down to a form you have taken the life out of it.

BAIL REFUSED SCHMITZ LIKE OTHER CRIMINALS

Judge Orders San Francisco Mayor in Custody of Sheriff.

PHELAN GLAD HE IS CONVICTED

Says Ruef Will Get Ten Years, While Schmitz Will Stay in Prison For Life—Ruef's Confession Convicted Schmitz.

San Francisco.—Mayor Eugene E. Schmitz, convicted by a jury of the crime of extortion, asked Judge Dunne for release on bail until sentence is pronounced.

In refusing bail, Judge Dunne said:

"In every criminal case after conviction by a jury the defendant is ordered into the custody of the Sheriff. Any other disposition of this defendant certainly would have to be preceded by a proper and formal showing. That is a consideration I should not even allow the prosecution to waive."

After bail had been denied, Schmitz left in the company of Deputy Sheriff Don Beban.

New York City.—James D. Phelan, former Mayor of San Francisco, who has been staying in the Waldorf-Astoria, will soon return to San Francisco, where it is expected he will be asked to take charge again of the government.

"The conviction of Schmitz," said Mr. Phelan, "is the best thing that has ever happened in San Francisco. It means that our beautiful city will go ahead, rejuvenated and rehabilitated and fulfill her glorious destiny."

"Schmitz will get ten years on this conviction. If he gets ten years apiece on the others his sentence will total 2600 years, and that ought to hold him for the rest of his natural life. He will appeal, but the appeal will avail him nothing. The prompt action of the jury in convicting him on the weakest indictment of the 260 found against him shows that the evidence of his guilt is as conclusively proven in law as it has been in the minds of the men who know of his grafting methods."

"Unfortunately, Schmitz will remain Mayor until his appeal has been decided. Abe Ruef had a law passed that will bring this about, but it will save him only for a few weeks longer. While the corrupt Board of Supervisors has the appointment of his successor, the Supervisors all have indictments over their heads, and they will appoint an honest and efficient man because they can't help themselves."

"I do not want the office of Mayor again. There are plenty of good men in San Francisco capable of filling it, and with Schmitz and Ruef out of the way the city ought to get ahead in leaps and bounds. "Ruef in my opinion will get off with about a ten-year sentence. Leniency will be shown him because of his services in the prosecution of Schmitz. He will never again wield any power or influence in San Francisco, and for this every decent man on the Pacific Coast is deeply thankful."

FOUND AFTER 18 YEARS.

Texas Merchant Offers to Refund Money if Case Be Dropped.

Galveston, Texas.—A prominent merchant and respected citizen of Houston was confronted by John T. Dickey, who positively identified him as one of two men who held up a train and robbed the express company of about \$25,000 eighteen years ago. Dickey was the Wells-Fargo express messenger on the Houston and Texas Central Line and the hold-up took place on the night of September 24, 1889, ten miles south of Port Worth. The merchant has offered to restore the amount stolen, with interest, if the case be dropped.

Tobacco a Necessity.

The Government officially declares tobacco to be not a luxury, but a necessity, in a decision by the Controller of the Treasury, at Washington, D. C. The question arose through a number of laborers employed for the construction of the Panama Canal, who had been held in Quarantine, demanding tobacco during their confinement.

Stole Woman's Fortune.

Rufus Williams confessed in San Antonio, Texas, that he stole \$61,000 from Mrs. Sallie Gibson, with whom he had run away from Columbia, S. C.

Jingoism in Japan.

The Asahi, of Japan, has magnified a trivial incident at Berkeley, Cal., into an evidence of popular hatred of the Japanese.

King Frederick in Paris.

King Frederick and Queen Louise of Denmark arrived in France from England and will be the guests of the Republic, at Paris.

Swiss Explorer Burned.

Walter Volz, the Swiss explorer, was captured by natives in the hinterland of Liberia and burned to death.

THE MARKETS

Wholesale Prices Quoted in New York

MILK. The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 2½¢. per quart.

BUTTER. Creamery—Western, extra. \$ 23½¢ @ 24 Firsts. 22 @ 23 State dairy, finest. 21 @ 22 Good to prime. 21 @ 22 Factory, thirds to firsts. 17½¢ @ 20

BEANS. Marrow, choice. @ 2 25 Medium, choice. @ 1 85 Red kidney, choice. 2 55 @ 2 60 Pea. @ 1 90 White kidney. 2 85 @ 2 90 Yellow eye. 1 85 @ 1 90 Black turtle soup. 1 75 @ 1 80 Lima, Cal. @ 3 50

CHEESE. State, full cream. 11¼¢ @ 12 Small. 11¼¢ @ 12 Part skims, good to prime. 5½¢ @ 6½ Full skims. 1 @ 2

EGGS. Jersey—Fancy. 18 @ 19 State—Good to choice. 16 @ 17 Western—Firsts. @ 15

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH. Apples—Russet, per bbl. 4 00 @ 5 00 Ben Davis, per bbl. 4 50 @ 5 50 Baldwin, per bbl. 5 00 @ 6 00 Strawberries, per qt. 5 @ 14 Blackberries, per qt. 8 @ 12 Huckleberries, per qt. 18 @ 22 Gooseberries, per qt. @ 10 Peaches, per carrier. 2 00 @ 2 75

LIVE POULTRY. Fowls, per lb. @ 14½ Chickens, spring, per lb. @ 21 Roosters, per lb. @ 9 Turkeys, per lb. @ 12 Ducks, per lb. 12½¢ @ 13½ Geese, per lb. 8 @ 10 Pigeons, per pair. @ 35

DRESSED POULTRY. Turkeys, per lb. 10 @ 14 Fowls, per lb. 12 @ 15½ Ducks, spring, per lb. 17 @ 18 Squabs, per dozen. 1 25 @ 4 00

HAY AND STRAW. Hay, prime, per 100 lb. 1 20 @ 1 25 No. 1, per 100 lb. 1 15 @ 1 20 No. 2, per 100 lb. @ 1 10 Clover mixed, per 100 lb. 85 @ 1 10 Straw, long rye. 60 @ 70

HOPS. State, 1906, choice. 16 @ 17 Medium, 1905. 3½¢ @ 5 Pacific Coast, 1906, choice. @ 31 Medium, 1905. 6 @ 8

VEGETABLES. Potatoes, old, per bbl. 2 25 @ 2 60 New, per bbl. 1 50 @ 6 50 Sweets, per basket. 1 50 @ 2 50 Tomatoes, per carrier. 1 00 @ 2 50 Egg plant, per box. 1 25 @ 2 25 Squash, per box. 75 @ 1 00 Peas, per basket. 75 @ 2 75 Peppers, per carrier. 1 50 @ 3 00 Lettuce, per bbl. 1 50 @ 3 00 Cabbages, per bbl. 1 25 @ 1 50 String beans, per basket. 50 @ 1 50 Onions, N. O., per bag. 1 00 @ 1 50 Carrots, per bbl. 3 00 @ 4 00 Beets, per 100 bunches. 3 00 @ 5 00 Turnips, per bbl. 1 50 @ 2 00 Okra, per carrier. 1 00 @ 3 00 Parsley, per bbl. 5 00 @ 10 00 Spinach, per bbl. 75 @ 1 00 Watercress, per 100 bunches. 1 00 @ 2 00 Lima beans, per crate. 2 00 @ 4 00 Kale, per bbl. 50 @ 75 Shallots, per 100 bunches. 2 00 @ 4 00 Radishes, per 100 bunches. 75 @ 1 25 Cucumbers, per basket. 1 00 @ 2 50 Leeks, per 100 bunches. 2 00 @ 4 00 Asparagus, per doz. bunches. 1 00 @ 4 00 Rhubarb, per 100 bunches. 75 @ 1 00 Cauliflower, per basket. 1 00 @ 2 00 Mint, per doz. bunches. 15 @ 25

GRAIN, ETC. Flour—Winter patents. 4 50 @ 5 00 Spring patents. 5 15 @ 5 95 Wheat, No. 1 N. Duluth. @ 1 08½ No. 2 red. 98½¢ @ 99½ Corn, No. 2 white. @ 63 No. 2 yellow. @ 62½ Oats, mixed. @ 49½ Clipped white. 50 @ 54 Lard, city. @ 8½

LIVE STOCK. Beeves, city dressed. 9 @ 10 Calves, city dressed. 8½¢ @ 12½ Country dressed. 7 @ 11½ Sheep, per 100 lb. 4 00 @ 5 50 Lambs, per 100 lb. 7 75 @ 9 00 Hogs, live, per 100 lb. 5 75 @ 6 75 Country dressed per lb. 8½¢ @ 9½

CROP REPORTS ENCOURAGING.

Yield of 634,974,000 Bushels of Wheat Indicated.

Washington, D. C.—The crop reporting board of the Bureau of Statistics, of the Department of Agriculture, finds, from the reports of the correspondents and agents of the bureau, as follows:

Preliminary returns on the acreage of spring wheat sown indicate an area of about 16,464,000 acres, a decrease of 1,242,000 acres, or seven per cent., as compared with the final estimate of the acreage sown last year (17,706,000). The average condition of spring wheat on June 1 was 88.7, as compared with 93.4 at the corresponding date last year, 93.7 on June 1, 1905, and a ten-year average of 93.3.

The average condition of winter wheat on June 1 was 77.4, as compared with 82.9 on May 1, 1907; 82.7 on June 1, 1906; 85.5 on June 1, 1905, and a ten-year average of 81.1. This brings the total indicated yield of wheat to 634,974,000 bushels, compared with 713,339,000 bushels, the estimate on June 1, 1906, and 735,260,000 bushels, the actual harvest last year.

The total area reported in oats is about 31,491,000 acres, an increase of 532,000 acres, or 1.7 per cent., as compared with the final estimate of the area sown last year (30,959,000 acres).

The average condition of oats on June 1 was 81.6, against 85.9 on June 1, 1906; 92.9 at the corresponding date in 1905, and a ten-year average of 89.7.

The average condition of rye is 88.1, against 89.9 on June 1, 1906; 92.6 on June 1, 1905, and 90.2 the mean of the corresponding averages of the last ten years.

The Mapleton Item

CHARLES W. SWOPE, Editor & Manager.

THE ITEM WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR.....\$1.00
SIX MONTHS..... .50
THREE MONTHS..... .25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa., as second-class matter.

Wednesday, June 19, 1907

People complain about the lateness of the season and the lack of flowers. Nature's supply may be slow in turning out this year but just go to a well attended church service and survey the audience from an open door in the rear and you will see such a display of flowers on the ladies hats that nature can't begin to rival or imitate.

A new act of assembly governing the sale of cigarette papers has just been signed by Governor Stuart making it a misdemeanor for any person to sell or give or cause to be sold or given cigarettes or cigarette papers to persons under twenty-one years old. The law carries with it a penalty of from \$100 to \$300 fine for each and every offense.

Money buried since the Civil War has been unearthed by the prong of a poor man's plow, and Bob Philips of Milan, Tenn., who for years has led the life of a simple planter, now finds himself with more gold than he ever dreamed of, as the result of stopping to inspect the contents of an old pewter pot turned up with the sod he was plowing. Ten thousand dollars in Confederate scrip, securely wrapped around gold coin amounting to nearly \$3,000 was the small fortune found by Philips in his field, and the discovery has led to more searching for hidden treasure thought to have been buried by people during the war.

Rural delivery carriers will not be required to count the number of pieces of mail delivered and collected by them after July 1, next, on routes where the records show that five thousand or more pieces of mail per month were handled during each of the three months ending June 30. Postmasters have been instructed accordingly. Hereafter all rural carriers have been required to render daily reports of mail delivered and collected by them so that the department might be in possession of information from which a reasonable estimate could be made as to the extent to which patrons appreciated the service.

SONG OF SIXPENCE.

Everybody, of course, is well acquainted with that old nursery rhyme, "Sing a Song of Sixpence" but those who are also familiar with its allegorical significance are perhaps not so numerous. The four-and-twenty represent the twenty-four hours. The bottom of the pie is the world, and the top crust is the sky. The opening of the pie is the dawn of day, when the birds begin to sing (the sight is surely fit for the King.) The King is the sun, and the gold pieces that slip through his fingers as he counts are the golden sunshine. The Queen sitting in the dark kitchen is the moon, the honey with which she regales herself is the moonlight. The maid at work in the garden, before her King, the sun, has risen is the morning twilight and the cloth she hangs

out are the clouds. The bird that brings a tragic end to the song by "nipping off her nose" is the sun-set.

KEEPING EVEN WITH THE PRINTER.

People have their favorite ways of "getting even with the printer". If the printer happens to say something they don't like they want to stop the paper, thinking this will stop him and sometimes they undertake to horsewhip the editor when his public utterance concerning measures and individuals does not please them. Now so far, we are very glad and thankful to say, that we have escaped such unpleasantness from any of our readers, as we feel that our admirers are numerous. Our substantial and growing list tells us so.

To make a long story short however, we have some money on our books owed us by patrons for subscriptions and job work, and if those who know themselves to be indebted to us will promptly send us the money we will call it "even" and this is the kind of even-ing everybody likes. So kindly look up this matter, which some of our patrons have been forgetting, and we will furnish receipts promptly.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Prayer Meeting Topic For the Week Beginning June 23.

By REV. S. H. DOYLE.
Topic.—Lessons from the patriarchs. V. Moses.—Heb. xi, 23-29.

The name Moses means "drawn" in the Hebrew and in the Egyptian language "saved from the water," and he was so named because the daughter of Pharaoh had drawn him from the water, where he had been hidden that his life might be spared, for Pharaoh had decreed that all male children of the Hebrews two years old and under should be put to death. This edict was issued because the population of the Israelites was increasing so rapidly that they were becoming a menace to the nation which held them in bondage.

The life of Moses naturally divides itself into three periods of forty years each. The first period of forty years was spent in Egypt. His mother to save him kept him hidden for three months in her house and then hid him in the Nile river, where his sister Miriam watched him. The Egyptian princess found him, and Miriam suggested as a nurse for him his own mother. This suggestion was acceptable to the princess, and thus his early training was received from his mother. And it was a religious training that he never forgot. He learned of the promises of God to his people and believed in them and ever afterward defended them. He then became the adopted son of Pharaoh's daughter and was "learned in all the wisdom of the Egyptians" and became "mighty in words and in deeds." Thus God gave him a comprehensive education for the great work he had in store for him. God's hand is always in our lives. "It is the Lord's doing and wonderful in our sight."

The second period of forty years in the life of Moses was spent in Midian, in the southern and southwestern part of the Sinai peninsula. When a man grown to forty years of age, Moses, witnessing the sufferings of his people, stood by them, "choosing rather to suffer afflictions with the people of God than to enjoy the pleasures of sin for a season, esteeming the reproach of Christ greater than the treasures in Egypt." But Moses, who afterward became so meek, was now hasty and impetuous. He took the law into his own hand and slew an Egyptian and was compelled to flee from Egypt and went to Midian. Here he spent forty years, married a wife and was often in communion with God, who in this forty years taught him patience and meekness. This work being completed, God met him in the burning bush on Mount Horeb and commissioned him to return to Egypt and to deliver His people. Moses had learned his lesson well, for in humility and self depreciation he tried to escape the mission. But God assured him of His presence, gave him an emblem of authority and appointed Aaron, his brother, as his co-laborer.

The third period of the history of Moses began with his return to Egypt and embraced his forty years of life in the wilderness as Israel's leader and ended with his death after he had looked over into the promised land. Returning to Egypt from Midian, he called Aaron and the people, informed them of his mission and demanded of Pharaoh the release of his people. After much delay, in which God sent the ten great plagues upon Egypt, they were allowed to depart and for forty years wandered in the wilderness, with Moses as their leader.

AN ORDINANCE

Granting to the Mapleton Water Company the right and franchise to lay and maintain water pipes in, under and along, the streets, roads, alleys and lanes of the Borough of Mapleton, with the right to dig ditches and openings in said streets, roads, alleys and lanes, from time to time, to lay and repairs its water pipes and connections.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Town Council of the Borough of Mapleton, Pa., and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same:—That the Mapleton Water Company, its successors and assigns, be and hereby is granted the right and franchise of laying and forever maintaining its water pipes and connections in, under and along any and all of the streets, roads, alleys and lanes of the Borough of Mapleton. This franchise is intended to apply to pipes already laid as well as to those which shall hereafter be laid.

SECTION 2. That for the purpose of laying said pipes and making connections with the houses from new or old pipes, and for the purpose of making repairs to pipes and connections heretofore, or hereafter, laid, the said Mapleton Water Company is hereby allowed and permitted, whenever said Company shall wish to extend its pipe lines, or lay new pipes, or put in connections, or make repairs as aforesaid, to enter upon any of said streets, roads, alleys and lanes, and therein to dig ditches, and make openings therein; but in so doing said Mapleton Water Company shall comply with whatever general ordinances and regulations for opening ditches in the streets and the safeguarding of public travel thereon, which said Borough of Mapleton has heretofore lawfully ordained or may hereafter lawfully ordain, concerning the same.

SECTION 3. That said Mapleton Water Company shall not be permitted at any time to dig ditches and lay pipe unless first have sufficient water to supply any and all additional lines.

SECTION 4. That the said water company shall leave the streets in as good condition after laying pipes as they found them.

SECTION 5. That this ordinance shall be published at expense of Mapleton Water Company.

J. G. SPANGLER, President.
SAMUEL HATFIELD, Secretary.
FRANK O'CONNOR, President of Council.
L. L. PARKER, Secretary Council.
Signed and approved this 10th day of June, 1907.
J. W. HENDERSON, Chief Burgess.

'This little pig 'vent to market,' doesn't amuse tonight.
Baby's not well; what's the matter, her dear little cheeks are so white;
Poor little tummy is aching, naughty old pain go away,
Cascasweet mother must give her, then, she'll be bright as the day.
It is sold here by Wright & Dell.

There is no case of indigestion, no matter how irritable or how obstinate that will not be speedily relieved by the use of Kodol. The main factor in curing the stomach of any disorder is rest, and the only way to get rest is to actually digest the food for the stomach itself. Kodol will do it. It is a scientific preparation of vegetable acids contains the very same juices found in a healthy stomach. It conforms to the Pure Food and Drugs Law. Sold by Wright & Dell.

STATEMENT of the financial condition of the Mapleton-School District for the year ending June 30, 1907.

Account of John A. Toomey, collector of school tax.
DR.
To amount of Duplicate.....\$963.25
" 5 per cent. added on \$163.58..... 8.18
CR.
By exonerations..... 8.35
" 5 per cent. off \$750.39 for prompt payment..... 37.52
" 3 per cent. for collecting \$750.39..... 22.52
" 5 per cent. for collecting \$7.45..... 3.37
" 5 per cent. for collecting \$163.58..... 8.18
" Treasurer's receipts..... 890.00
Amount due from collector..... \$1.00
\$971.44 \$971.44
Account of A. W. Swope, Treasurer of Mapleton school fund.
DR.
To amount from previous year.....\$243.48
" State appropriation..... 594.23
" collector..... 890.00
CR.
By vouchers..... \$1428.87
" per cent. as Treasurer..... 28.57
" Balance in Treasurer's hands..... 270.27
1727.71 1727.71
Balance in Treasurer's hands..... \$270.27

We the undersigned auditors of Mapleton Borough being duly sworn according to law do certify that we have audited the accounts of the Collector and Treasurer of Mapleton Borough for the year ending June 30, 1907, and find same as above stated.
Witness our hands and seals the 14th day of June A. D., 1907.

J. MELVIN MILLER, C. W. SWOPE, EDWARD MCCART, Auditors.

Harry E. Huston, Saltillo, Pa.

IS LIVING HIGH?

25 lbs. Granulated Sugar, - - \$1.35
2 lbs. Good Coffee for - - .25
2 cans Corn for - - .15
1 large can Tomatoes - - .10
4 lbs. Lima Beans - - .25
8 cakes Star Soap - - .25
4 dozen Clothes Pins for - - .05
Arbuckles Coffee - - .16
Special lot Ladies' Shoes go at .89
Table Oil Cloth - - .14
Lancaster Gingham - - .08

HARRY E. HUSTON,

SALTILLO, - - - PENNA

Central Banking Co. THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

MOUNT UNION, PA.

T. H. ADAMS, President

W. T. BELL, Cashier

Discount Day—Wednesday

Stockholders Individually Liable.

UNION NATIONAL BANK OF HUNTINGDON.

Cor. 5th and Penn Sts.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, President

J. C. HAZLETT, Vice President.

R. J. MATTERN, Cashier

DIRECTORS.

K. A. Lovell, J. C. Hazlett, John White, R. J. Mattern, Thomas E. Africa, John Langdon and J. P. Schock.

Regular Discount Day—WEDNESDAY.

Deposits received subject to check. Collections made in all parts of the world, and a regular banking business transacted. Accounts with corporations, firms, individuals, and the business public generally, opened on most favorable terms
\$13z.

W. C. WILSON, D. D. S.,

'Phone 102. Akers Building

603 Washington St., Huntingdon, Pa.

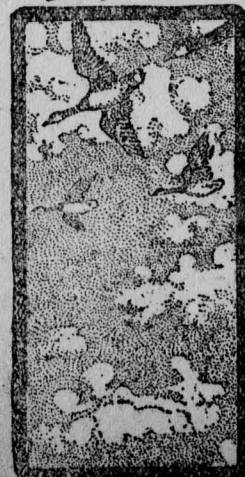
Careful attention given to every branch of the profession. Special attention to Crown and Bridge Work. For painless extraction, NITROUS OXIDE GAS or LOCAL ANESTHETICS administered.

Telephone connection 8-1-00-1f

A Fortunate Texan.

Mr. E. W. Goodloe, of 107 St. Louis St., Dallas, Tex. says: "In the past years I have become acquainted with Dr. King's New Life Pills, and no laxative I ever before tried so effectually disposes of malaria and biliousness." They don't grind nor gripe. 25c. at Wright & Dell's store.

WINCHESTER



Smokeless Powder Shells

"LEADER" and "REPEATER"

The superiority of Winchester Smokeless Powder Shells is undisputed. Among intelligent shooters they stand first in popularity, records and shooting qualities. Always use them For Field or Trap Shooting.

Ask Your Dealer For Them.

CORRESPONDENCE.

ORBISONIA.

Good old summer time is with us at last.

William Carrigan who has been suffering with pleurisy, is still confined to the house. He is not improving very much.

Rev. Blackburn, of the U. B. church gave a very interesting talk to his audience on Sabbath morning. His theme being the Sunday School.

Stanton Rhorer whose home is near Seale, but who is now employed in a lumber job near Burnt Cabins, visited the family of Daniel Locke, on Water Street on Sunday last.

Mary of our young folks availed themselves of the delightful weather on Sunday evening and went driving.

The pears and cherries seem to be killed by the cold weather in this section.

The children's service in the Methodist church on Sabbath evening last was very good and the congregation large.

Mr. Snyder, of near Seale, is a frequent visitor at the bed side of his father of Cromwell St. who is critically ill. We hope for his recovery.

George Wentzer has returned to his home in Rockhill after a two weeks business trip to Sharron, Alleghany Co.

Grant Curfman, of Clay township, had his house and contents burned on last Monday morning, the family barely escaping with their lives. A small insurance.

The two Miss Hicks' from near Williamsburg, who have been visiting in Orbisonia and Rockhill since the 30th, returned home on Monday.

CASSVILLE.

Rev. Reeser delivered a very impressive sermon on "The Higher Life" on Sunday evening to a large audience.

Myron McClain was called to Three Springs to conduct the burial of Mrs. Waite, of that place, who died of paralysis on Saturday.

W. Mitchell Hamilton who has completed the course at University of Penna, passed the final examination most successfully last week. He has been requested to locate in Williamsport and several other places.

Miss Annie Corbin is at home for a visit. The Mountain City certainly agrees with her, as she is looking extremely well.

Miss Minnie Crottsley was in town a short time on her way to her brother's, D. F. Crottsley, of Hares Valley.

Mr. and Mrs. Buckley, of Newburg were guests of J. F. Pheasant on Sunday. Mrs. Ira Corbin is quite ill with lung trouble. Her friends hope for her recovery.

Mrs. Hess, from Little Valley, was the guest of her brother Thomas Crum, last week, also Mr. Crum Sr.

Miss Viola Hyssong, of Huntingdon, is visiting her friends in Cassville. She is very popular and though not very old is a gifted elocutionist.

MILL CREEK.

Mrs. Bowsman spent Sunday with her daughters in Huntingdon.

Mrs. Eva Parker, of Mapleton, visited her mother, Mrs. Anna Hall Saturday.

Mrs. Mary Skees, of Altoona, was in town Saturday afternoon.

Jerry Stell, of Cumberland, visited his sister, Mrs. William Bordell Monday.

Miss Francis Foust spent Sunday in Huntingdon.

Francis Isenburg is visiting friends in Petersburg.

Dr. D. B. Himes and wife, of Shade Gap, visited his parents during the past week.

Mrs. Oscar Himes, of Ryde, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Himes Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. David, of Huntingdon, visited Mrs. Howard Stroup Sunday.

Miss Moore, of Barree, is the guest of Miss Edith Hawn.

A Pittsburg firm are negotiating with Mr. Harry Speck for land on which to manufacturing brick, the red shale of this district being exactly what is needed. And in the near future will doubtless be seen another manufacturing plant, which works our progress along the line of industry.

The school board at their meeting last Saturday night made the term seven month and the tax ten mills.

The fact that this part of dame natures domain is said to be knocked out of plumb can now be accounted for, as it seems by some heretofore unthought of point of law, the two hold over school directors from Brady township cannot serve on the Borough school board and instead of eight members there but six. Dr. Green and Squire J. G. Allison are the two members who will retire, thus depriving the board of the interpreters of the law and doctoring.

CASSVILLE.

(Too late for last week.)

Prof. I. W. J. McClain having finished his work in Huntingdon, has returned home.

Mr. Harold Horton, of Pittsburg, is spending some time with his mother here.

Mr. Ernest Wilson visited Mr. and Mrs. Brumbaugh of Grafton, last week.

Misses Lucie Hamilton and Maude Houck spent Saturday and Sunday with friends at Trough Creek.

Miss Leader of Broad Top City was a guest at the Horton home recently.

Quite a number of our people attended the Anstrau Picnic Saturday.

Mr. Alvah Querry of Clearfield visited his parents last week.

The school directors of the different townships met at Hotel Cook Monday to settle up their finances.

J. L. Houck made a business trip to Orbisonia last week and while there attended Masonic Lodge.

STONY POINT.

(Too late for last week.)

R. W. Querry is hauling lumber for D. K. Coder.

Miss Emily J. Dell spent a portion of last week at the home of J. O. Dell of this place.

Mrs. Jacob Querry is convalescing from a weeks sickness.

Preaching services at Beech Run chapel next sabbath at 10:30 by Rev. Spidle.

Henry Monihen an family, of Casville, spent last Sunday at the home of Mrs. Mary Lynn.

Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Andrews, of Mapleton, spent last Sabbath in the valley.

Mrs. James Clark, of Springfield, spent a portion of last week at the home of B. B. Shore in Mapleton; also visited her mother, Mrs. Nancy Dell, of this place.

Mrs. Charity Shoop one of our oldest neighbors is at present confined to her bed suffering from a tumor. All hope for her speedy recovery.

Miss Oma Dell, of Latta Grove spent a part of last week at the home of Jesse Boring.

G. M. Querry and wife visited relatives in Trough Creek Valley last Sunday.

Miss Verna Querry sojourned with friends in Orbisonia and Three Springs the past week.

Elmer Foster, of Smith Valley, spent Sunday in the valley.

We are glad to note that Newton Querry, youngest son of A. L. Querry is able to be about again.

On last Saturday morning Mr. Rudy Anderson and Mrs. Annie Querry while enroute to S. J. Barclay's home near Nossville met with a mishap that might have proved more disastrous than it did. While driving through Jacks Narrows at a good clip the front axle of the buggy gave way throwing the occupants from the buggy. The horse became frightened and came very near getting away. After getting another carriage they continued their course, concluding they had got of very lucky with a few scratches and bruises they returned Monday by way of Three Springs and report a nice time. Rudy you are very lucky.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Harry B. Hoffman, Millersburg, Myrtle G. Gutshall, Huntingdon.

John Holes, Mt. Union, Lizzie Petros Mt. Union.

Frank B. Patton, Margaret E Bell, both of Huntingdon.

Alvin Weller, Emma M. Garner, both of Marklesburg.

W. Emmert Swigart, Eva Workman, both of Huntingdon.

Geo. Edward Gould, Lillie Symons, oth of Wilkinsburg.

William F. Rinker, Shirley, Ines Grace Hoffman, Juniata.

A. T. Schmitt, Edna Champeno both of Altoona.

Chalmers Smith, Williamsburg, Dasie Dean Stewart, Birmingham.

John W. Vanorman, Maria Pollitt, both of Juniata.

Robert J. Vaughan, Mt. Union, Mary A. Lake, Shade Gap.

The Magic No. 3.

Number three is a wonderful mascot for Geo. H. Parris, of Cedar Grove, Me., according to a letter which reads: "After suffering much with liver and kidney trouble, and becoming greatly discouraged by the failure to find relief, I tried Electric Bitters, and as a result I am a well man to-day. The first bottle relieved and three bottles completed the cure." Guaranteed best remedy for stomach, liver and kidney troubles, by Wright & Dell. 50c.

Bert Barber, of Elton, Wis., says "I have only taken four doses of your Kidney and Bladder Pills and they have done more than any other medicine has ever done. I am still taking the pills as I a perfect cure." Mr. Barber refers to DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills, which are unequalled for Backache, weak kidneys, inflammation of the bladder and all urinary troubles. A weeks treatment for 25c. Sold by Wright & Dell.

IF YOU WANT A JOB

Either in TIN, TIN SHINGLES, GALVANIZED or any METAL ROOFING.

Address - W. C. HASSENPLUE,
704-WASHINGTON ST.,
HUNTINGDON, - PA.
HE GUARANTEES HIS WORK.

FISHER'S Mother's Bread

Only the best flour and materials are used, and it is

Absolutely Pure,

mixed (like all other bread), by the latest improved mixing machines, which guarantee perfect cleanliness, and baked by only skillful bakers in our modern bake shop. If you have not tried it, ask your grocer or stop our wagons which are on the streets all day.

We will also bake our usual line of Bread and Rolls which it has always been our aim to have pure, clean and wholesome.

As to cakes, would say they are made by skilled bakers, and only fresh country butter and eggs are used.

Ask for and eat Fisher's Mother's Bread.

Fisher's
Penn Street Bakery,
Huntingdon, Pa.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, June 29, 1903, trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SOUTH			NORTH		
Expr's	Mail	STATIONS	Mail	P	Line
A M	P M		A M	P M	
8 35	5 56	Huntingdon	11 10	5 15	
8 45	6 05	McConnellstown	11 00	5 05	
8 50	6 09	Grafton	10 50	5 00	
8 55	6 14	Brumbaugh	10 51	4 55	
8 59	6 18	Marklesburg	10 47	4 51	
9 06	6 25	Entrikin	10 40	4 44	
9 11	6 30	Beaver	10 35	4 39	
9 16	6 35	Cove	10 30	4 34	
9 27	6 46	Saxton	10 20	4 23	
9 31	6 50	Clark	10 15	4 18	
9 39	6 58	Riddelsburg	10 08	4 11	
9 44	7 02	Hopewell	10 04	4 07	
9 56	7 10	Cypher	9 56	3 59	
10 07	7 19	Tatesville	9 46	3 50	
10 17	7 27	Everett	9 38	3 43	
10 20	7 30	Mt. Dallas	9 35	3 40	
10 43	7 50	Bedford	9 15	3 20	
11 35	8 35	Hyndman	8 28	2 30	
12 05	9 05	Cumberland	8 00	2 00	

Sunday train leaves Huntingdon at 8:35 a. m. and returning 5:40 p. m.

SHOUP'S BRANCH.

SOUTH			NORTH		
Expr's	STATIONS	Expr's			
A M		P M			
9 35	Saxton	4 00			
9 50	Coalmont	3 45			
10 05	Dudley	3 30			

CARL M. GAGE, General Manager.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD and COAL CO. Time Table No. 24, in Effect Monday, January 7, 1907.

SOUTHWARD			No. 2			No. 4			No. 6			No. 8		
			a.m.			p.m.			a.m.			p.m.		
Mount Union	LEAVE	9 15	3 50											
Mount Union Yard		9 20	3 55	11 20										
Augh. Mills		9 32	4 08	11 32										
Shirley		9 45	4 20	11 45										
Orbisonia		10 00	4 35	12 00										
Booher Junction		10 15	4 45	1 35	5 30									
Pogue		10 22	4 57	1 50	5 45									
Three Springs		10 33	5 12	2 05	5 50									
Saltito		10 40	5 25	2 15	5 50									
Kimmel		11 00	5 45	2 35	6 10									
Cole's		11 13	5 58	2 50	6 38									
Rocky Ridge		11 18	6 03	2 55	6 38									
Marlins		11 23	6 08	3 00	6 40									
Cole's		11 28	6 13	3 05	6 45									
Robertsdale		11 40	6 25	3 15	6 55									
Woodvale	ARRIVE				7 05									
			a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.								
NORTHWARD			No. 1			No. 3			No. 5			No. 7		
			a.m.			p.m.			a.m.			p.m.		
Woodvale	LEAVE													
Robertsdale		6 05	12 40	8 25	4 25									
Cole's		6 15	12 50	8 35	4 30									
Marlins		6 20	12 54	8 39	4 34									
Rocky Ridge		6 25	12 58	8 43	4 38									
Cole's		6 30	1 03	8 48	4 53									
Kimmel		6 38	1 10	8 56	5 01									
Saltito		7 00	1 30	9 18	5 25									
Three Springs		7 10	1 38	9 25	5 32									
Pogue		7 25	1 50	9 37	5 42									
Booher Junction		7 35	1 58	9 45	5 50									
Orbisonia		7 40	2 05	9 50	5 55									
Shirley		7 55	2 10	10 10										
Augh. Mills		8 10	2 25	10 25										
Mt. Union Yard		8 20	2 35	10 35										
Mount Union	ARRIVE	8 35	2 50	11 55										
			a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.								

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

SOUTHWARD			NORTHWARD		
No. 12	No. 10	STATIONS	No. 9	No. 11	
p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	
4 57	6 55	Lv. Orbisonia	Ar 7 45	5 45	
4 57	7 05	Groves Quarry	7 49	5 39	
4 58	7 01	*Blacklog	7 39	5 38	
5 06	7 08	*Cedar Rock	7 32	5 30	
5 09	7 10	*Locke Valley	7 30	5 27	
5 15	7 15	Ar. Shade Gap	Lv 7 25	5 20	
			a.m.	p.m.	

Train No. 8 will have right of track over train No. 1 between Orbisonia and Coles.

All trains run daily except Sunday.

The Company reserves the right to vary from the above Time-Table without notice.

Trains will run on Rocky Ridge and Booher branches on special orders.

†S-Regular Stop. F-Stop on signal.

-Trains will not stop.

Pennsylvania R. R. Trains Leave Mt. Union WESTWARD-5 27 a. m., 7 48 a. m., 9 30 a. m., 11 02 a. m., 1 16 p. m., 4 51 p. m., 7 21 p. m. EASTWARD-6 17 a. m., 8 59 a. m., 11 58 a. m., 12 51 p. m., 3 11 p. m., 5 55 p. m., 7 29 p. m., 10 32 p. m.

R. S. SEIBERT, President and Gen. Mgr. E. C. HALL, Superintendent.

William Reed & Son's

Store closes at 6 o'clock except Saturdays and 14th 20th

Hot Days Are Coming. They Find Us Ready to Fill Your Wants

VACATION DAYS are coming and you must plan to keep comfortable and look well at the same time. You will find lots of things here to help you.

A GOOD SKIRT and one of our celebrated Acorn Shirt Waists, together with the accessories make a comfortable and sensible combination. Waists are 50c. to \$10.00 each. Skirts are \$1.50 to \$25.00 each so that all tastes are suited.

WASH SUITS made of Percales, Chambrays, colored and white Lawns range in price from \$1.00 to \$7.50.

SEPARATE WHITE LAWN SKIRTS, beautifully made, at \$2.00. White Linene Skirts, plain or embroidery trimmed, are \$1.00 to \$3.00 each.

"MONEYBAK" ILK grow more popular every day. They do not cost any more than inferior silks formerly did, and the wear is guaranteed. "Moneybak" is a familiar household word nowadays. Investigate "Moneybak" claims.

THE HANDSOMEST WASH BELTS at 10c that we have ever had are now here. Better ones at 25c and 50c.

Wm. Reed & Sons,
Huntingdon, Pa.

PARKER'S STORE NEWS.

FITS, St. Vitus' Dance, Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. \$2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. H. R. Kline, L.D., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Triplets.

"James Bryce, the British Ambassador," said a Chicagoan, "crossed with me on the Oceanic, and on the promenade deck one morning the talk turning to Napoleon, he told me an amusing story.

"He said that in Paris, during the Napoleonic craze of some years back, he attended a Napoleon play at the Odeon.

"In this play one act hinged on the birth of the little King of Rome. If the child was a girl one cannon shot was to be fired; if a boy two shots.

"Well, on the night in question a cannon shot rolled forth, and there ensued a long silence on the stage.

"'It's a girl,' said Josephine tensely.

"But just then a second shot was heard, and the Empress cried:

"'No, a boy, a boy!'

"Now, through some error a third cannon shot thundered forth. In the awkward pause that followed a gam-in in the gallery shouted:

"'Parbleu! it's triplets!'"—Washington Star.

Desperate Cases a Specialty.

Si Haymow's oldest boy has got a license to doctor and has put out his shingle. He is giving it out that he prefers desperate cases at first, because if they do die it won't make so much difference. Give him a call.—Leesville (Col.) Bugle.

SUFFERED TORTURES.

Racked With Pain, Day and Night, For Years.

Wm. H. Walter, engineer of Chatsworth, Ills., writes: "Kidney disease was lurking in my system for years. I had torturing pain in the side and back and the urine was dark and full of sediment. I was racked with pain, day and night, could not sleep or eat well, and finally became crippled and bent over with rheumatism. Doan's Kidney Pills brought quick relief, and, in time, cured me. Though I lost 40 pounds, I now weigh 200, more than ever before."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Londoners' Lungs Blue.

The discovery has been made that Londoners in general and especially those who are obliged to live near the centre of this city, instead of possessing lungs of a rosy tint, are the owners of blue lungs. Sir Frederick Treves, the personal medical attendant of King Edward, is authority for the statement and attributes the fact to the action of the London fogs.

Recently Sir Frederick has joined with the Coal Smoke Abatement Society to persuade Londoners to do away with the open fire-places in their houses and to use stoves. He calculates that London produces six tons of soot for every square mile of its surface in every two weeks during the winter months and says that the evil could be done away with by the adoption of heating stoves or the installment of heating plants in every house.

Substitute For Beeswax.

A substitute for beeswax has been discovered in the leaves of the rafia palm, a product of the island of Madagascar. The wax is extracted by the simple process of beating the dried leaves on a mat to small bits. The particles are then gathered and boiled. The resultant wax is kneaded into small cakes. Experiments are being made with the new substance to find out its commercial value—whether it may be used for bottling purposes, in the manufacture of phonograph cylinders, etc.

WENT TO TEA

And It Wound Her Bobbin.

Tea drinking frequently affects people as badly as coffee. A lady in Salisbury, Md., says that she was compelled to abandon the use of coffee a good many years ago, because it threatened to ruin her health, and that she went over to tea drinking, but finally she had dyspepsia so bad that she had lost twenty-five pounds and no food seemed to agree with her.

She further says: "At this time I was induced to take up the famous food drink, Postum, and was so much pleased with the results that I have never been without it since. I commenced to improve at once, regained my twenty-five pounds of flesh and went some beyond my usual weight."

"I know Postum to be good, pure and healthful, and there never was an article, and never will be, I believe, that does so surely take the place of coffee as Postum Food Coffee. The beauty of it all is that it is satisfying and wonderfully nourishing. I feel as if I could not sing its praises too loud." Read "The Road to Wellville" in pkgs. "There's a reason."

SIX MIDSHIPMEN AND FIVE SAILORS LOST

Minnesota's Launch Sunk by a Steamer in Hampton Roads, Va.

VICTIMS RETURNING FROM BALL

Boat Left Jamestown Exhibition Pier at Midnight and Dropped Out of Sight—Run Down by Excursion Boat—Fleet Joined in Search.

Norfolk, Va.—Six midshipmen fresh from the Naval Academy in Annapolis and five seamen, all of the battleship Minnesota, lost their lives in Hampton Roads when their launch was cut down by a steamer. It was announced here that Rear-Admiral Evans, in command of the Atlantic fleet, of which the Minnesota is a unit, has absolute knowledge of the identity of the steamer, and that the officers will be arrested within twenty-four hours. The Rear-Admiral delayed sending a report of the disappearance of the midshipmen and men to Washington in the hope that the launch might only have broken down and been carried out to sea. But evidence was found proving the collision and making it clear that all in the launch had gone down without a chance of escape. It is said that the steamer passed over the men struggling in the water.

The men lost were:

Midshipman W. C. Ulrich, second class, Wisconsin.

Midshipman W. H. Stevenson, second class, North Carolina.

Midshipman Philip H. Field, first class, Colorado.

Midshipman H. L. Holden, second class, Wisconsin.

Midshipman E. P. Holcomb, second class, Delaware.

Midshipman Henry Clay Murfin, Jr. Seaman R. H. Dodson.

Seaman H. L. Van Dorne.

Seaman F. R. Plumber.

G. W. Westphal, fireman.

Jesse Conn, coal passer of the Minnesota.

The midshipmen were returning from a ball in the exhibition grounds. They had gone ashore in charge of Lieutenant David M. Randall, who was supposed at first to be among the dead. But investigation has developed that Randall remained ashore and came to this city with friends. Several witnesses have come forward with statements that the launch was run down by the steamer going at high speed. It was about 12.30 o'clock when the midshipmen returned to the launch and at once put out for the Minnesota.

No alarm was felt for the safety of the launch until next morning, when a detail from the Minnesota discovered that the party was not ashore. As soon as the news was conveyed to Rear-Admiral Evans he sent out scores of launches searching the waters. Several hours passed without anything being found, and hope grew that the launch had broken down.

The first proof of the disaster was the picking up of a ditty box. It was after he had been informed of the find that Admiral Evans confirmed his worst fears to Washington in the following message.

"A ditty box belonging to a fireman of the Minnesota's missing launch has been picked up afloat near berth 27, and I am forced to conclude the launch with all on board is lost. Have ordered board of investigation. Steamer last seen at Exhibition Pier about midnight last night."

Officers of the fleet were emphatic in their statements that all the men could not have been lost had not the steamer rode over the party. They pointed to the fact that the launch was buoyed up by many airtight compartments, yet its destruction apparently was so complete that not a part of it remains afloat.

The belief is that the launch was cut clean in two, and that the wreckage was crushed under the weight of the vessel's hull. It is also said that probably the collision was attended by the explosion of the boiler in the launch, and that in this event many of those aboard must have been instantly killed. Those officers who spoke about the case agreed that had any of the men got clear of the steamer they would have reached shore by swimming.

DROPS DEAD AT OPERA.

General Ellis a Victim of Heart Disease in Covent Garden.

London.—The King and Queen of England, attended by King Frederick and Queen Louise of Denmark, who are spending a short time in England, attended a gala performance at the opera arranged in honor of the visit of the King and Queen of Denmark. There were two separate royal processions from Buckingham Palace to enable the King and Queen of England to meet their Danish guests in Covent Garden.

Major-General Sir Arthur E. A. Ellis, who was in attendance upon King Edward, died suddenly during the performance. General Ellis was born in 1847.

The death of General Ellis was due to heart disease, from which he had long been a sufferer. There was no premonition of his seizure. He and Lady Ellis were chatting with Sir Frederick Treves and other friends when the General gripped his throat and fell back in his chair unconscious.

SENATOR J. T. MORGAN DEAD

Alabama Statesman Stricken in Washington, D. C.

Served as Chairman of the Inter-oceanic Canal Committee Till His Death—Ill For Several Weeks.

Washington, D. C.—United States Senator J. T. Morgan, of Alabama, for thirty years a member of the upper house of Congress, chairman of the Senate Committee on Inter-oceanic Canals and prominent as a brigadier-general in the Confederate army, died here suddenly. Senator Morgan had been in bad health for years, but had attended the sessions of Congress. He suffered from angina pectoris, which was the cause of his death. At the death bed were his daughters, Miss Mary Morgan and Miss Cornelia Morgan, both of this city, and his secretary, J. O. Jones.

Senator Morgan was born in Athens, Tenn., in 1824. When nine years old he went to Alabama and lived there ever since. He practiced law in Selma until he was elected to the Senate. As a Presidential elector in 1860 he voted for Breckenridge and Lane. In 1861 he was a delegate from Dallas County to the State convention which passed the ordinance of secession.

He served in the Confederate army first as a private in Company I of the Cahaba Rifles, but when the company was assigned to the Fifth Alabama Regiment he was elected major and afterward lieutenant-colonel of the regiment. In 1862 he was commissioned as colonel and raised the Fifty-first Alabama Regiment. He was appointed a brigadier-general in 1863 and assigned to a brigade in Virginia, but afterward resigned to join his own regiment, whose colonel had been killed in battle.

After the war he resumed his practice of law in Selma. As a Presidential elector in 1876 he voted for Tilden and Hendricks. He was later a member of the commission appointed to prepare a system of laws for the Hawaiian Islands. In 1877 he was elected to the United States Senate to succeed George Goldthwaite. He was re-elected in 1882, 1888 and 1894. After a caucus of the Democrats and a meeting of the Republicans and Populists, who differed with him politically, but indorsed him, he was chosen by a unanimous vote in the Legislature to a fifth term in the Senate in 1900.

VETOES TWO-CENT RATE BILL.

Hughes Says Railroad Problem is One For Utilities Commission.

Albany, N. Y.—Governor Hughes vetoed the Baldwin bill providing for a flat rate of two cents a mile on all railroads in the State not less than 150 miles in length. He declared such action to be too arbitrary, and said the problem should be solved by the new Public Service Commissions after careful investigation.

"This is a critical time," he said, "and the interests of all demand that reason and judgment should control."

It is stated on good authority that one of the first duties that will be prescribed for the new Utilities Commissions will be an investigation of the steam roads of the State with a view to rate reduction. Some of the railroads which maintain high mileage rates have already decided to make concessions to the traveling public and allay the clamor for remedial action on the part of the Legislature or the Utilities Commissions.

NICARAGUA STRIKES SALVADOR.

Acajutla Seized by Armed Force Aiding Revolutionists.

Mexico City.—A force of Nicaraguans assisted by Salvadorean revolutionists has captured the port of Acajutla, Salvador. News of the outbreak of hostilities came to the capital in a telegram from President Figueroa to the Salvadorean Minister to Mexico, Manuel Delgado.

The Nicaraguans on board the gunboat Momotombo bombarded the fort and then landed troops. The town is in the hands of Nicaraguan General Manuel Rivas.

NEW YORKER'S STRANGE DEATH

Railroad Contractor's Body Found in Knoxville Couple's Home.

Knoxville, Tenn.—Bearing evidence, the Coroner asserts, of morphine in a large quantity, the body of Frank A. Carroll, a New York railroad contractor, was found in Jesse Cunningham's home, in Central street. There were marks on the body that indicated rough handling after if not before death. Cunningham and his wife were arrested. A large amount of money was found in the woman's possession.

AMERICAN REGISTRY IN PARIS.

New Law Causes Flurry Among the 8000 Members of Colony.

Paris, France.—On July 1 there will go into effect in this city a new law making obligatory the registration in detail of Americans residing permanently in Paris, and there is a consequent flurry among the 8000 members of the American colony. The consulate is flooded with requests for information and explanations of the new law, and lawyers are busy defining the status of American children born in France.

News of the Week

WASHINGTON.

British Ambassador Bryce will make a study of Statehood questions in the Territories.

It was announced that the Bodley plans had been accepted for the national cathedral and that the cornerstone would be laid in September.

The Navy Department has finally decided that in order to carry out the provisions of the Naval Personnel Act of 1899 twenty-four officers must retire on June 30.

General Kuroki telegraphed the Navy Department thanking the Secretary for the courtesies shown to him in this country.

Government officials in a conference in Washington decided that E. H. Harriman not only could not be prosecuted criminally with success, but would escape in many proposed civil suits.

Attorney-General Bonaparte requested from Boston a copy of the record of the hearing held on the proposed merger of the Boston and Maine Railroad with the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad be sent to Washington for perusal by the legal authorities of the Government.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

The Japanese in Hawaii will send a great protest to President Roosevelt against the law preventing them from going to the American mainland.

Americans sell Porto Rico nearly three times as much as to the Philippines.

A number of Pulajane chiefs were captured in Leyte, P. I., ending the campaign against the outlaws.

Faustino Abien, head chief of the Pulajanes on the Island of Leyte, has been wounded and captured by the Cutjanes with a detachment of infantry and Philippine scouts.

The death of Otoy, head chief of the Pulajanes, on the Island of Samar, on April 26, has been reported by bandits captured by the Santa Rita constabulary.

The Agricultural Bureau of the Philippines has received 200,000 Hawaiian sisal plants for replanting in the interest of the Philippine hemp industry.

DOMESTIC.

German societies of the South began their first "verbandsfest" at Jacksonville, Fla.

Lee Fox, a negro, who killed Lee Reynolds, white, was lynched near Indianola, Miss.

The Catholic Church of the Sacred Heart, at Ottawa, Canada, which cost \$200,000, was destroyed by fire.

Lewis Gugenheim, of Mason, Tex., was drowned while bathing at West Lake, La.

A technical charge of larceny at Cleveland caused the arrest in Boston of Ernest H. Meyer, a manufacturers' agent.

Samuel M. Inman, a wealthy resident of Atlanta, donated \$50,000 to the Agnes Scott Institute for young women at Decatur, Ga.

A portion of Washington avenue, St. Louis, dropped twelve feet below the surface by the collapsing of the roof of one of the natural underground passages known as Uhrig's Cave.

When John Parker met F. B. Therou and Mrs. Parker walking together at Carrollton, Miss., he killed Therou.

The torpedo boat destroyer Whipple rammed the torpedo boat Blakely at the Norfolk Navy Yard, badly damaging her.

Highwaymen at Brooklyn so severely beat August Meyer, a shoe dealer, that he died.

Democrats and Republicans of Chicago are raising \$150,000 to secure next summer both national conventions.

Domestic troubles caused Charles Shafer, at Symes Creek, Ohio, to shoot his wife, his eight-year-old son and his mother-in-law, Mrs. George Thacker, but none fatally.

New York is enforcing quarantine restrictions against passengers from Havana.

FOREIGN.

The French Chamber of Deputies adopted by a vote of 310 to 261 the first clause of a bill for the relief of wine growers, designed to prevent frauds.

Premier Botha announced at Pretoria that the Transvaal Government would send home all Chinese miners as soon as their contracts expired.

Dispatches from Tokio said the Japanese were anxious for the submission of the American exclusion question to the peace conference in The Hague.

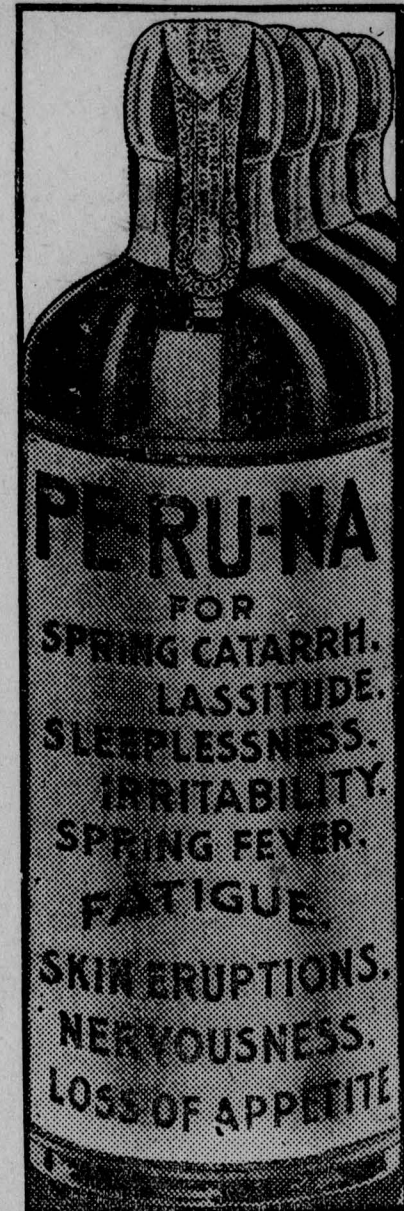
Mr. C. Haddon Chambers, in a cable dispatch from London, attacks the Copyright law of the United States.

The Nationalist party in the House of Commons met and decided to oppose the Government's army bill, and to open a campaign for Home Rule in the English constituencies.

The international horse show closed in London after remarkable success, over 200,000 persons attending it, and a like show will be held next June.

M. Clovis Hugues, ex-deputy and publicist, of France, who had long been in ill health, died in Paris, of asthma.

HEALTH NOTES FOR JUNE.



Spring Catarrh is a well defined Spring disease. The usual symptoms are given above. A bottle of Peru-na taken in time will promptly arrest the course of the disease known as Spring Catarrh.

Out of 212,000 women in Australia qualified to vote 174 exercise the right of franchise.



Paint Buying Made Safe

White Lead and Linseed Oil need no argument, no advertising to maintain themselves as the best and most economical paint yet known to man. The difficulty has been for the buyer to be always sure of the purity of the white lead and oil.

We have registered the trade mark of the Dutch Boy painter to be the final proof of quality, genuineness and purity to paint buyers everywhere. When this trade mark appears on the keg, you can be sure that the contents is Pure White Lead made by the Old Dutch Process.

SEND FOR BOOK

"A Talk on Paint," gives valuable information on the paint subject. Free upon request.

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY

in whichever of the following cities is nearest you:
New York, Boston, Buffalo, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Philadelphia, John T. Lewis & Bros. Co., Pittsburgh (National Lead & Oil Co.)

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY

Dr. H. R. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer gives quick relief and cures most cases. Doct. of testimonials and 50 Days' treatment Free. Dr. H. R. Kline's Sons, Box 5, Atlanta, Ga.

To Possess a Healthy and Pearly

SKIN

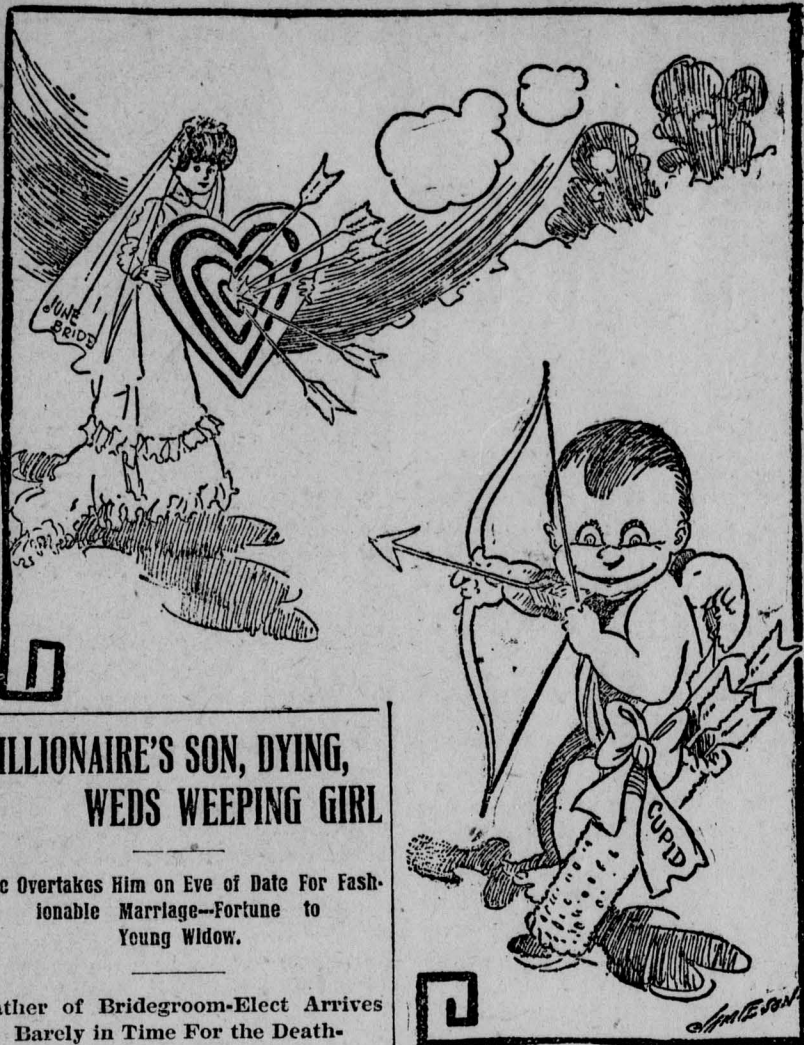
use Glenn's Sulphur Soap with warm water daily, and the skin will soon become soft and beautiful. To remove pimples, redness, roughness, sunburn, nothing compares with

Glenn's Sulphur Soap

Sold by druggists.

Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye
Black or Brown, 50c.

CUPID'S BUSY SEASON.



MILLIONAIRE'S SON, DYING, WEDS WEEPING GIRL

Fate Overtakes Him on Eve of Date For Fashionable Marriage—Fortune to Young Widow.

Father of Bridegroom-Elect Arrives Barely in Time For the Death-bed Ceremony.

Louisville, Ky.—Six hours before his death here Robert Horner, twenty-nine years old, son of Samuel Horner, a multi-millionaire of Philadelphia, married Miss Elizabeth Dallam Burnett, a member of one of the most prominent and wealthiest families in this city. The wedding of the couple had been set for Tuesday, and several guests already had arrived. Horner died of blood poisoning caused by a carbuncle.

The young man came here three years ago as manager of a cement company owned by his father. He fell in love with Miss Burnett at first sight, and their engagement was announced last winter. The wedding was to have been one of the most fashionable of the early summer. Horner was preparing for the union, and had arranged for a wedding trip of two months. A week ago the carbuncle developed in his neck and he grew steadily worse until his death.

At first Horner made light of the carbuncle, but on Thursday evening his condition had become so serious that he decided to go to the Norton Memorial Infirmary. There the physicians said an operation should have been performed at least twenty-four hours before. They placed him at once on the operating table, but the knife gave no relief. Instead, the patient was attacked by blood poisoning, and early in the morning it became apparent he could not recover.

Horner read his fate in the face of his fiancée, and he bore it like a Spartan. The doctors tried to hide the truth from him, but he silenced them by his questions. Then he asked that Miss Burnett become his bride, and the girl consented. The young man's father, expecting to attend the arranged wedding on Tuesday, arrived from Philadelphia barely in time to be present at the hurried ceremony. He was accompanied by his second son, Charles, who was pledged by the dying man to care for the widowed bride.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. G. Minnegerode. Horner was so weak that the physicians refused to prop him up with pillows. He gathered strength, however, to make his responses in a full, clear voice. Miss Burnett was so overcome her voice hardly could be heard. Several nurses were affected so deeply that they left the room. Charles Horner broke down and cried, but the father stood without the movement of a muscle looking straight into the face of his stricken son. After the wedding Mrs. Horner bent over and kissed her husband, then she took a chair at the bedside and held his hand on the counterpane until death came.

Only ten days ago Horner took out a life insurance policy for \$25,000 for Miss Burnett. It is believed that all his estate, amounting to several hundred thousand dollars, will go to the widow.

Des Moines, Iowa.—Emily Haven, a baby orphan, has the proud distinction of having twelve mothers, and all college girls at that.

BABY HAS A DOZEN MOTHERS. For a lark the girls visited the Iowa Children's Home and all fell in love with the baby and decided to adopt her. They will "mother" the child on the instalment plan, each taking her for a month at a time.

The baby is to-day getting acquainted with the home of Edna and Amy Symires, two of the dozen girls who have adopted her. She is to stay there six weeks, and will then go to the home of Miss Alsit, and then on around the circuit.

The mother of the child died when it was an infant.

Boston.—That babies deformed or otherwise physically unfit should be put to a painless death was the theory advanced here by Dr. Andrew Christian, one of the most prominent physicians in this city. Furthermore, the doctor advised that there should be a Government control of marriages, requiring a clean bill of health of every man and woman before they might approach the altar.

"The world would be better," said Dr. Christian, "if mothers would consent to have their deformed or mentally deficient children quietly put to sleep. If I myself had a little child born and it was deformed or showed that it would be mentally weak I would be willing that it should be put to death with no suffering, and it would be the prudent thing to do, because it would save it from untold suffering later. This may seem harsh, but it really isn't."

"A board of overseers of marriages appointed by the State is what we want. The race is degenerating and some radical change must be made soon or we will in time have only idiots and imbeciles. Just take, for example, what Luther Burbank has accomplished with the flowers. Even more can be done with human beings and greater results obtained."

"Only the fit should marry, only those who are mentally and physically normal and sane, those whose ancestors were clean of life and well balanced mentally. To be born under right conditions with as nearly perfect mother and father, mentally and physically, as possible, is the heritage of every child, and the man or woman who cheats a child of that heritage is committing a double crime, one against the child and one against society."

"The board of overseers I suggest should understand thoroughly physiology, psychology and sociology. I should think doctors, appointed by the State, would be best. These could have lists of people in that State and so far as possible of their ancestry. They could fix a period of time to look the individuals up before deciding whether two persons were fit to marry."

Washington, D. C.—Washington society is beginning to speculate on the possibility of Miss Ethel Roosevelt, now in her seventeenth year, being presented New Year's next. Although she will not have finished her school course here in the National Cathedral for Girls, the President and Mrs. Roosevelt, it is said, feel she should see as much of White House events and entertainments as possible, and she will appear more frequently.

Miss Ethel is budding into a very handsome woman, and has all the frank charm of her sister, Mrs. Longworth, with added vivacity. She is a devotee of horseback riding and, with her mother, is often to be seen on the boulevards and in the parks around the city.

Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Ethel are among the best horsewomen in Washington, and are quite as much at home on a good horse as they are in a drawing room. Mrs. Roosevelt invariably wears the plainest of black broadcloth habits, made with a severely plain tight fitting jacket and rather a short skirt. She usually wears a sailor hat, although through the winter she appeared with a derby. Over her hat and face she always wears a thin black chiffon veil, which is tied down closely over the hat and about the neck.

Miss Ethel frequently wears a black suit with white shirt waist and a black and white sailor hat.

CROP AND TRADE CONDITIONS

The Country is Doing Very Well, Thank You.

A Survey of the Situation in the United States Discloses No Cause For Discouragement.

New York City.—With the issue of the June Government estimates on the wheat crop the worst is known concerning the effects of the backward season upon agricultural prospects.

Like the similar report issued a week before on the growing cotton it was not so bad as the public had been led to expect, and the speculative markets for the staple and the cereal declined. The recent phenomenal advance in both may be regarded as sufficient to "discount" the worst conditions, and a period of warm weather now would substantially improve the outlook.

The Government estimate on wheat acreage and condition on June 1 indicates a production of 625,000,000 bushels, a yield which had never been reached until ten years ago, and which falls only about 5,000,000 bushels short of the ten years' average. Considering the large amount carried over from last year's crop we should have a very comfortable surplus for export in the event of a European shortage creating a sharp demand.

In recent years, however, we have raised comparatively little more wheat than was needed for home consumption, and with no future improvement in conditions the yield indicated by the June report will more than suffice for that. Our annual wheat crop in value ranks below hay and cotton and is only half that of corn.

Trade, like the crops, has been chilled and held back by the unseasonably cold spring, but it nevertheless seems healthful and ready to expand in response to the arrival of a little genial warmth, and meanwhile there seems to be no check in industrial activity. The usual criteria of railway earnings, bank clearings and commercial statistics are favorable. Many railways report largely increased traffic receipts.

Bank exchanges outside of New York—where they are reduced by the dullness in Wall Street—are larger and commercial failures for the month of May were smaller in number and in the amount of liabilities as compared with the corresponding period of last year.

The comparative stringency of money, which had a retarding effect on trade, has had a good effect in checking venturesome speculative enterprise in many directions. Credit for all legitimate demands is in good supply, and discount rates have not been affected by the outflow of some ten millions gold to Europe.

This efflux, in fact, is mainly due to the comparative ease of money here as compared with the rates prevailing abroad, in consequence of which bankers have been unwilling to draw bills against foreign balances, and therefore the specie was remitted. The reserves of the city banks are low, but if seasonable precedent holds there should be an influx of five to ten millions from the interior to this centre during the next two weeks.

While the protracted and worldwide depression in the markets for securities has been caused to some extent by the higher rates for money, the main cause appears to have been fear of legislation adverse to vested interests. When investors are afraid to buy securities selling far below their value as measured by the return for money in the world's markets speculative spirit is paralyzed. This cloud now seems to be lifting.

A survey of the situation in the United States discloses no cause for discouragement. If the dispensers of weather will only now give us two or three months of warm sunshine it will stimulate everything. Conditions are sound, and while there is still a chill in the air, the country is doing very well, thank you.

OFFENDING PASTOR WHIPPED.

Kentuckian Angry Because Wife Was Advised to Sue Him.

Lexington, Ky.—W. W. Meadows, a wealthy land owner of Fulton, administered a horse whipping to the Rev. Frank Morton Hawley, at Fulton. Aided by friends, he drove the minister across the Tennessee line and placed him aboard the train under threats of death should he dare to return.

Mr. Hawley was pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, and was well liked by the community. It is charged that he advised Meadows' wife to file suit for divorce. He had been on a visit to Charlottesville, N. C., and had just stepped from the train when he was handcuffed by Meadows and party. He was escorted to a vacant lot and whipped. He declared he was innocent of any misconduct.

Suit Against Coal Trust.

The United States Government filed suit in Philadelphia against the Coal Trust, alleging that the coal carrying roads acted in restraint of trade.

Teacher's Sudden Death.

Miss Caroline Carpenter, assistant principal of Lasell Seminary, Auburndale, Mass., died just at the close of the graduation exercises.

WORKING WOMEN, WHAT THEY SHOULD KNOW



MRS. SADIE ABBOTT

MRS. PREE MCKITTRICK

Women for the most part spend their lives at home, and it is these women who are willing and ambitious that their homes shall be kept neat and tidy, who do their own cooking, sweeping, dusting and often washing, ironing and sewing for the entire family, who call for our sympathy.

Truly the work of such a woman is "never done" and it is any wonder that she breaks down at the end of a few years, the back begins to ache, there is a displacement, inflammation or ulceration of the abdominal organs, a female weakness is brought on, and the struggle of that wife and mother to continue her duties is pitiful.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and aëros, is the exact medicine a woman needs whose strength is overtaxed. It keeps the feminine organs in a strong and healthy condition. In preparing for childbirth and recuperating therefrom it is most efficient. It carries a woman safely through the change of life and in making her strong and well assists her to be a good wife and mother.

Mrs. Sadie Abbott, of Jeannette, Pa., writes:

"I suffered severely with pain every month and also a pain in my left side. My doctor prescribed for me but did me no good; a friend advised Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I wrote you in regard to my condition. I followed your advice and am a perfectly well woman. The pains have all disappeared and I cannot recommend your medicine too highly."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

The best way for any one who has nothing to say is to say nothing and stick to it.—Judge. N.Y.—25

BLACK, ITCHING SPOTS ON FACE.

Physicians Called It Eczema in Worst Form—Patient Despaired of Cure—Cuticura Remedies Cure Her.

"About four years ago I was afflicted with black splotches all over my face and a few covering my body, which produced a severe itching irritation, and which caused me a great deal of suffering, to such an extent that I was forced to call in two of the leading physicians of —. After a thorough examination of the dreaded complaint they announced it to be skin eczema in its worst form. Their treatment did me no good. Finally I became despondent and decided to discontinue their services. Then my husband purchased a single set of the Cuticura Remedies, which entirely stopped the breaking out. I continued the use of the Cuticura Remedies for six months, and after that every splotch was entirely gone. I have not felt a symptom of the eczema since, which was three years ago. Mrs. Lizzie E. Sledge, 540 Jones Ave., Selma, Ala., Oct. 28, 1905."

The first typewriter patent was taken out in England in 1714.

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WORMS

"I had for years suffered from what medical men called Dyspepsia and Catarrh of the Stomach. In August I purchased a box of Cascarets and was surprised to find that I 'had 'em'—yes—a wiggling, squirming mass left me. Judge our doctor's surprise when I showed him thirty feet, and in another day the remainder (about the same length) of a tapeworm that had been sapping my vitality for years. I have enjoyed the best of health ever since. I trust this testimonial will appeal to other sufferers."

Chas. Blackstock, 1319 Divinity Place, West Philadelphia, Pa.

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Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Grip, 10c, 25c, 50c, Sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C.C.C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

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ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

Libby's Food Products
Libby's Corned Beef Hash
is made with the exact satisfying flavor you enjoy so much.
Prepared from the most select Beef in Libby's Great White Kitchens. Absolute purity and cleanliness guaranteed.
A Delicious Dish for Quick Service.—Libby's Corned Beef Hash, while in the tin placed in boiling hot water for a few minutes, or removed from the tin and browned in the oven for a few minutes, makes a most delightful entree for luncheon or dinner.
Ask your grocer for Libby's and insist upon getting Libby's.
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EVERY MAN HIS OWN DOCTOR

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This is a most valuable book for the household, teaching as it does the easily-distinguished symptoms of different diseases, the causes and means of preventing such diseases, and the simplest remedies which will alleviate or cure. 304 Pages, Profusely Illustrated. 60c. postpaid. Send postal notes or postage stamps. BOOK PUBLISHING HOUSE, 134 Leonard St., New York.

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If You Know How to Handle Them Properly.

Whether you raise chickens for fun or profit, you want to do it intelligently and get the best results. The way to do this is to profit by the experience of others. We offer a book telling all you need to know on the subject—a book written by a man who made his living for 25 years in raising Poultry, and in that time necessarily had to experiment and spent much money to learn the best way to conduct the business—for the small sum of 25 cents in postage stamps.

It tells you how to Detect and Cure Disease, how to Feed for Eggs, and also for Market, which Fowls to Save for Breeding Purposes, and indeed about everything you must know on the subject to make a success.

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134 Leonard Street,
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EPWORTH LEAGUE.

June 23: "Holy and Unholy Ambitions." "Whoever would be first among you shall be servant of all."—Mark x, 35-45.

By REV. WALTER J. YATES, D. D. Passages for reference—John v, 44; Phil. iii, 7-11.

Ambition is not in itself a wrong emotion. The desire for excellence is to be commended and cultivated. Emulation of others who exhibit excellence of one sort and another is not necessarily evil.

It is when we desire the praise of others for some real or supposed quality rather than the good of the quality itself that the mischief begins. When we seek place and things for what they will yield in gratification of our own selfishness, preferring self at the expense of others' good and even to their detriment, then the ambition is an evil thing.

It is not to be expected that we shall ever cease to seek that which will yield us personal and individual gratification. Self must, in the very nature of things, be first in our consciousness and in our seeking. But this self of ours is a very complex and peculiar affair. It has physical appetites, mental cravings and soul aspirations. These are not of equal value in the scale of worth. The highest is the realm of spirit. Physical and mental needs must be subordinate. The moral must ever rule over the intellectual and bodily powers and wants.

Any desire which puts the moral and spiritual below either of the other two is a false and vicious ambition. It may be a wise ambition to have a well developed physique, a body that is a splendid specimen of physical manhood or beautiful womanhood. But this is an entirely different thing from the determination to be the champion pugilist of any certain class and to take pride in inflicting punishment on some other person in the trial of

strength.

A fine body is of worth when it assists in the advancement of moral ends and not otherwise. If used for other gratifications, it may prove to be an unmitigated curse to its possessor and others.

However we may have disregarded it, the truth is that our ambitions should ever have a close relation to what God desires regarding us. If we never stop to consider that God has any interest in our doings and claim upon us, we will surely cultivate ambitions which will end in disaster.

Whether we are clearly conscious of it or not, the fact yet remains that God owns this world and has charge of events and is carrying forward His own purposes. No one can prosper unless he takes account of this. Some temporary advantage may be secured at certain times by one who ignores all this, but at the end the question is sure to arise, "What shall it profit a man if he gain the whole world and lose his own soul?"

Worthy ambitions always tend to the advancement of the interests and welfare of the soul and never run counter to the good of other men or the glory of God.

What shall we do, then, seeing so many of the customs of society and the aims of ordinary men contradict this view of things absolutely?

We must take our choice either to follow the fashion of the world and be governed by its rules and philosophy of care for self first, last and always or we must regard and practice the commands of Jesus Christ to love God supremely and our neighbor as ourselves, seeking first the kingdom of God and His righteousness and trusting God to add to us all the things we need, never doubting that His providential care is able to make us live successfully, triumphantly, in this present world under just those principles carried into daily practice in every department of life.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

ANNUAL SEASHORE EXCURSIONS.

The Annual Sixteen-day Summer excursions from Western Pennsylvania to Atlantic City, Cape May, Wildwood, Ocean City and other seashore resorts of Southern New Jersey, will be extended this year to include Asbury Park, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Spring Lake and other popular resorts on the Upper New Jersey Coast.

The rates to the Lower New Jersey resorts and to Rehoboth, Del., and Ocean City, Md., will be the same from Pittsburg as heretofore, \$10.00 for tickets good in coaches only, and \$12.00 for tickets good in Pullman cars in connection with Pullman tickets; the rates to the Upper New Jersey resorts will be \$12.00 for tickets good only in coaches, and \$14.00 for tickets good in Pullman cars in connection with Pullman tickets. Proportionate rates will apply from other points.

The dates of the excursions this year are Friday, July 5, Thursdays July 18, August 1, 15, and 29, and September 12.

Special trains of Pullman Parlor cars and coaches will leave Pittsburg at 8.55 A. M. and run through to Atlantic City via Delaware River Bridge Route, the All-Rail Line to the City-by-the Sea, stopping at principal points on the Main Line between Pittsburg and Harrisburg to receive passengers, and at Philadelphia to discharge passengers. Tickets will be good also on night trains leaving Pittsburg at 4.55 and 8.50 P. M. and their connections.

Upon application, Thos. E. Watt, P. A. W. D., 401 Fourth Avenue, Corner Smithfield Street, Pittsburg, or any Ticket Agent, will furnish further information.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

LOW-RATE NIAGARA FALLS EXCURSION.

"It soothes, while it awes the mind," is the phrase used by the great American author, Nathaniel Hawthorne, in writing of Niagara Falls, and its many phases of beauty and grandeur.

To those who have never viewed this magnificent spectacle, it will prove an enthralling revelation of majesty, beauty, and power that must remain forever a delightful memory.

Those who have once visited Niagara Falls and wandered amid its historic environments or viewed its varied scenes of wonder, delight to return to gather new impressions of the falling waters, the dashing rapids, and the great gorge.

This year the Pennsylvania Railroad will run a series of attractive personally-conducted excursions to Niagara Falls on July 3 and 24, August 7 and 21, September 11 and 25, and October 9.

Tickets will be sold at very low rates for the round trip and will be valid for return passage within ten days.

A special train in charge of an experienced tourist agent, will be run on each date from Washington, via Harrisburg, Williamsport, and Emporium Junction, carrying parlor cars, dining car, and high-grade coaches.

Tickets will be good going on the special train and to return on any regular train within the time limit, permitting excursionists to stop off at Buffalo and view the beautiful metropolis of Lake Erie.

Full detailed information of this attractive series of summer outings may be had on application to Ticket Agents.

FOR THE PAST FOUR YEARS

We have enjoyed the confidential patronage of the citizens of Mapleton and vicinity. During that time our business has increased at an enormous rate so that at the present time our floor space has increased five-fold and our shelves and tables are stacked with

THE CHOICEST GOODS IN ALL LINES

ON ACCOUNT OF THE GROWTH OF OUR BUSINESS we are prepared to offer more exceptional bargains now than ever before. Look at these prices:

Groceries

Sugar, 5c a pound.
Star Soap, 7 cakes 25c.
Sunshine Soap, 10 cakes 25c.
Corn per can, 8c.
Tomatoes per can, 10c.
Good Coffee per can, 13 1-2c.
Choice fruits and vegetables always on hand.

Flour and Feed

Flour per sack, \$1.10.
Feed of all kinds.

Dry Goods

35c Table Linen, 24c.
Calico, 5 1-2c.
Natural colored and white Linens from 15c up.
Lawn 8c.
India Linen reduced from 18c and 20c to 13c.
15c Flowered Lawns at 10c.

The most beautiful patterns of the above Lawns can be secured at 10c per yard.

Fine open work Panama worth 25c now 12c.

The most beautiful lawns in raised figures at 23c.

We can not in words describe our line of Dress Goods; come and inspect these beautiful goods and you will be convinced we have the best line "ever was" in this town.

Shoes

It would pay you to look over our line of shoes for men, youths, boys, ladies, misses and children in shoes and oxfords, in patent leather, vici, velour, calf and gun metal. Ladies' Oxfords from \$1.25 up.

Up-to-Date Line of Clothing & Gents' Furnishings

\$12.00 and 14.00 Suits at 7.75.
8.50 Suits at 4.98.
8.00 Blue Serge Suits 3.98.
10.00, 12.00, and 15.00 Blue Serge Suits 8.98.
Light weight \$8.00, 10.00 and 12.00 Plaids, and checkered and plaid Suits 6.48.
Knee Pants Suits from 98c up.
Balbriggan Undershirts which were 25c and 35c, now 22c.
Ladies' Shirts from 5c up.

Carpets

Carpets from 22c a yard up.

The foregoing prices are quoted to show how we are underselling our competitors. Call and see for yourself. Reductions in all lines too numerous to mention.

TIES AND PRODUCE EXCHANGED SHAPIRO BROTHERS

We are selling the best coal ever brought to town; all lumps at \$3.10 per ton. Give us your orders. Coal on hand at all times. Half ton lots \$3.20 W. F. Gilbert.

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WITH **Dr. King's New Discovery**

FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS and COLDS

Price 50c & \$1.00 Free Trial.

Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

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A Package of Empress Chocolates for Your Best Girl.
THE LEADER.

Kodol FOR DYSPEPSIA
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT
Relieves Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Belching of Gas, Etc.
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
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For Sale by All Druggists.